Checklist
of
Australian Bromeliads
Hybrids and Cultivars
Including
Notes for the Hybridist

complied by

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5th edition

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INTRODUCTION

I like to believe that most of us want to have the correct name on a plant and some are more keen than others in investigating apparent errors. These details often appear in Conference Proceedings, local Newsletters and Bromeletter, but reference to this detail becomes lost. While many might not have their own copy of the publication referred to, it will generally be in a Society's library.

This Checklist will cover many sorts of names and oddities as well as being a sort of index - whatever, if it is of interest then it should be here - somewhere!

By publishing cultivar names in this checklist, I am attempting to standardise their usage and to make them legitimate. It is not a registration because acceptance must be made by a cultivar registration authority. We know that the Bromeliad Society Inc. in the U.S.A. does register hybrid names (perhaps not always in complete agreement with the Cultivated Code) and the Bromeliad Society of Australia, according to its constitution, has the ability to operate as a registrar.

However, as the Australian Society is an affiliate of the senior U.S.A. body. I would suggest that the Cultivar registration authority should vest in the U.S. Society.

In any event, if we are to succeed in the same manner as Orchid hybrids we must ignore parochial attitudes and the U.S. Society must provide the lead. They must also realise that there are Bromeliad growers of importance outside the U.S.A.

Why should you bother to register ?

There are no "Royalty" rights or Copyright in Australia so there is no financial advantage in registering a hybrid. It would be the case of first in best dressed and how much advertising costs you are prepared to pay to herald in your new hybrid.

However, it is possible that any Society in Australia that is organising a show could stipulate that only registered hybrids can be awarded prizes.

Finally there is the possibility that you may want to shout from the roof tops of your great achievement.

If you want your hybrid to be recognised internationally then I suggest that you contact the U.S. Society. The requirements will, no doubt, vary in the future but the kind of information needed will include:

- Names of pollen parent and seed parent.
- Proposed name.
- Year of making the hybrid.
- 4. Year of first flowering.
- General description of the plant.
- Colour transparency.

The first edition of this checklist appeared in 1982, the second edition in 1986, the third edition in 1991 and were compiled because of problems of duplication of names and loss of historical data. It was gratefully received by the serious Bromeliad growers in Australia and many suggestions were received for improvement as were requests for update. The second edition took care of corrections as far as possible and was expanded to help the hybridist become even

more law-abiding. It was even expanded to cover more hybrids than have been admitted by reticent hybridists. It is regretted that not all hybrids are listed and we can only be optimistic for the future.

The current fifth edition has even wider perimeters but still based on plants actually in Australian collections. We will try to help out on past misconceptions of different species as well as wrongly identified U. S. hybrids

Where species plants have been authenticated by Harry Luther and a herbarium specimen is held in Selby Gardens this information will be recorded with the name of the person in Australia holding such plant.

May I make a plea to all present and future hybridists that they share their successes and their failures. This knowledge must be passed on through a permanent record and this checklist is one way of achieving that aim.

Many Bromeliad lovers have helped in some way or another to see these checklists become reality. Special thanks go to the late Bernard Stonor, Fay Sibley, Grace Goode, Olwen Ferris, the late Clyde Wasley, Geoff Lawn, Bill Morris, Marj.Bamford, Rosemary Carter, Marie Robinson and the last but not least, my wife Margaret.

THE CULTIVATED CODE

In 1995, the International Code of Nomenclature for Cultivated Plants was amended and it is this "Cultivated Code" that we must rely on to name our plants properly. However, with any Code, problems of interpretation, do arise. I have tried to pick out the key points so that you can easily follow the rules. If you are really serious then I suggest that you obtain a personal copy of the latest rules from the American Horticultural Society or the Royal Horticultural Society in England.

1. Intergeneric Hybrids

The following names are already accepted by the U.S. Society.

(Note the first name is not necessarily the seed parent.)

XAnagelia	: e.	Ananas	x	Neoregelia
XAnamea	=	Ananas	x	Aechmea
XAndrolaechmea	=	Androlepis .	x	Aechmea
XBillmea	=	Billbergia	x	Aechmea
XBillque	=	Billbergia	×	Quesnelia
XCanmea	=	Canistrum	x	Aechmea
XCryptbergia		Cryptanthus	x	Billbergia
XCryptmea	=	Cryptanthus	x	Aechmea
XGuzlandsia	2.E.	Guzmania	x	Tillandsia
XGuzvriesea		Guzmania	x	Vriesea
XNeobergia	=	Neoregelia	x	Billbergia
X Neoistrum		Neoregelia	x	Canistrum
XNeolarium	=	Neoregelia	x	Nidularium

XNeomea	-	Neoregelia	x	Aechmea
XNeophytum	=	Neoregelia	×	Orthophytum
XNeotanthus	:=:	Neoregelia	x	Cryptanthus
XNidbergia	=	Nidularium	×	Billbergia
XNidumea	=	Nidularium	×	Aechmea
XOrtholarium	=	Orthophytum	X.	Nidularium
XOrthomea	=	Orthophytum	x	Aechmea
XOrthotanthus		Orthophytum	x	Cryptanthus
XPortemea	=	Portea	x	Aechmea
XQuesmea	=	Quesnella	x	Aechmea
X Quesregelia	=	Quesnella	x	Neoregelia
XStreptomea	=	Streptocalyx	x	Aechmea
XVrieslandsia	=	Vriesea	x	Tillandsia

2. Naming Hybrids

To name a hybrid which makes any sense you should be able to identify the seed parent and the pollen parent and thus link them to the hybrid. The name can be latinised if you are prepared to go to the extreme in describing most or all of the plant's parts in Latin. Let us therefore forget this idea and concentrate on words in English.

You can use one, two or three words but please do not use "The", "A" or shortened forms of title such as Mr, Ms or Miss, numerals, or individual letters such as A, B or C.

You can ignore the 'X'. Remember the 'X' is used in I. above because the name is Latinised. You can ignore quotation marks and just use the plain old word starting with, of course, with a capital letter.

Thus

Neoregelia chlorosticia x Neoregelia farinosa = Neoregelia

Firebird From then on the plant is simply called Neoregelia

Firebird

3. Cultivars

If you hybridize a true species with another true species the resulting F1 progeny should be very much alike. Alas, in practice, it does not always turn out that way. Let us say that our F1 generation were similar and we either self pollinated or crossed brother with sister then the next generation named F2 would or should produce greater variations. Let us look at this case of varied progeny. We have the hybrid name, for example Neoregelia Firebird as in 2 above which covers the entire seedlings produced, called a grex. You may find an outstanding plant (another name for this is clone) which is sufficently different for you to call it another name. This is a cultivar or C.V.

Thus we have:

Neoregelia Beefsteak 'Happy Thoughts'
(Note the quote marks here)

Regrettably but realistically the C.V. name tends to become detached from the hybrid name and it is for this reason that the checklist contains all the C.V. names that have been advised.

4 Sports

Bromeliads do sport quite easily and usually in some form of variegation. Thus in Australia we have Aechmea nudicaulis 'Mary Hyde'and Internationally Aechmea lueddemanniana 'Mend' or with hybrids Aechmea Fosters Favorite 'Favorite' or Neoregetia Sheer Joy 'Amazing Grace'

It is interesting to note that the Cultivated Code does not specifically mention variegation although Nat De Leon has been trying to get some standard approach to this. (refer BSI Journal Volume XXXV No. 1, Jan/Feb 1985)

HINDSIGHT

When I first started compiling records of hybrids some ten years ago, I did ask hybridists to advise me the seed parent and pollen parent of their hybrid. I was not too strict in demanding this detail because the ICBN rules indicated that irrespective of the seed or pollen parent the grex name was the same.

When talking about humans it was not long ago when it was believed that man provided the seed and woman incubated it. We then progressed to half the chromosomes being provided by the man and half by the woman. We know now that the egg has extra duties at fertilisation thanks to the rapid progress being made in genetic engineering. We must also remember that old adage that you can prove who is the mother of a newborn child but cannot be certain of the father. This too is becoming more of a certainty with modern medicine.

Against this scenario I will be striving IN THE FUTURE to make sure I know who MOTHER is because she is much more important than FATHER.

The next article by Bill Morris explains this subject in more depth.

PROBLEMS WITH BREEDING AND INTERPRETING RESULTS by Bill Morris

This is a complex subject and the hybridist will need to know the practical problems associated with obtaining seed at a species level BEFORE being sure of success at obtaining true hybrids.

1. Problems in breeding species.

Species of most plants can be divided into those that are self fertile and those that are self sterile. Obviously there are no problems in obtaining seed from a plant if

it is self fertile. Unfortunately, only some 1 to 5% of bromeliad species are self fertile. Hence the great majority of species (over 95%) need more than one clone to provide seed of that species. So, if a species has been introduced into horticulture via a single plant (clone) then it may not be possible to obtain seed from that plant and thus the conservation of that species is put in doubt.

In a number of other plants (not bromeliads) various techniques have been used to overcome the problem of self sterility or non-compatability which is the reverse of self sterility and covers the inability to obtain hybrids from self fertile plants. However, similar techniques to overcome this problem may be applicable to self sterile plants.

For example certain lilies that would not accept foreign pollen to produce hybrids were hybridised by the following procedure. Their own pollen was sterilised either by high dosage of radiation, or by chemical treatment. The foreign pollen was then mixed with the sterilised pollen in about 5% concentration (one part foreign pollen, 20 parts killed pollen) and applied to the stigma of the plant. It then produces hybrid seed. It is possible that the reverse might work in some cases of self sterile plants, that is, pollen from another species (with which the self sterile species will cross) could be killed (as above) and mixed with a low concentration of it's own fertile pollen. However, this would only work in cases where some sort of chemical messenger (supplied by the foreign pollen) was necessary to allow the plant to set seed.

In most cases self sterility is caused by the plant having antibodies to it's own pollen (an auto-immune reaction) and these react with the pollen tube as it tries to grow into the stigma and down the style to the ovary and stops it reaching the ovules. In some plants, the antibody is only in the stigma and in some cases cutting off the stigma and applying the pollen directly to the cut surface has allowed fertilisation. Another ingenious way was (with large stigmas) to cut and graft a stigma from another plant onto the self sterile plant. This other stigma does not recognise the self sterile plants pollen as it's own and so the auto-antibody it contains does not affect the pollen and fertilisation results.

I am sure there are other ways to overcome self sterility and I feel that this would be a most important field for research. The B.S.I. research funds would be better spent in my opinion on fostering research in this field than in any other.

2. Problems with breeding hybrids.

The first problem to be mentioned lies in using self fertile species as parents. In Brian Smith's hybrid list there are a number of plants listed as hybrids of Aechmea lueddemanniana. They are listed under both parents so it is not possible to tell which was the seed parent and which was the pollen parent. I would expect that if Aechmea lueddemanniana was used as seed parent (because it is a good seed setter) that at least a high proportion of the offspring would just be Aechmea lueddemanniana. It is possible that there might be some hybrids (particularly if care was taken to emasculate the flower before the anthers opened) but it is also possible there could be none.

An example where I believe selfing occurred rather than hybridisation is with Orthotanthus WHAT. This is listed as Orthophytum saxicola v. rubra X Cryptanthus IT. It was described as having been made using Cryptanthus IT pollen on the Orthophytum saxicola. As the latter is self fertile it is possible that only selfing occurred and in fact the offspring Orthotanthus WHAT appear identical (to me) to Orthophytum saxicola rubra except that it is variegated. Hence I think it should be Orthophytum saxicola variegata or O. saxicola c. v. WHAT. Support comes from the fact that the so called intergeneric is itself self fertile which intergenerics

never seem to be. It is extremely rare (I know of one case only) for intergenerics to even be slightly fertile. This is XCryptbergia rubra (now XCryptbergia RED BURST) which was a very reluctant parent of XCryptbergia GOODALE. Now for the usual situation with hybridisation; you take the pollen of plant A and put it on the stigma of plant B and seed results. Some time later the plants mature and the cross is registered. So now Hybrid $X = A \times B$.

Now, often. I believe this is not true. Let's look at the possibilities. The first I have already discussed where the seed parent is self fertile. From that, the most likely result is plant B with perhaps some hybrids A.B. Next suppose plant A's pollen is incompatible with plant B but it chemically stimulates plant B (which is normally not self fertile) to set seed to it's own pollen. Once again we get plant B. Another common occurrence is that plant A pollen is not accepted but some other pollen is. This is most likely to happen to plants out in the open e.g., in gardens or bush houses etc. Certain Australian honeyeaters like to visit bromeliads and they seem to be very effective pollinators. Also I am suspicious that ants can act as pollinators and perhaps bees and other insects. Just because pollen was applied and seed obtained it is not proof that the parent is as listed. This can sometimes be shown by repeating the cross and coming up with quite different offspring.

Another problem exists with maternal inheritance. According to the International Rules, there is only one name for a particular hybrid grex A.B no matter which plant was used as the female parent. This was based on the idea that the hybrid received one set of chromosomes from each parent and it made no difference which parent contributed which set. This also depended on the idea that all the genetic material (D.N.A.) was in the nucleus. However, it has recently been established that up to 5% of the total D.N.A. may be extra-nuclear (that is, not in the nucleus or chromosomes but distributed throughout the cell).

As it is only the female parent that contributes a cell (the egg cell or ovule), the male only contributing a nucleus then it can make a difference which parent is the female. If a characteristic that is only present in one parent happens to be inherited through the D.N.A. which is not in the nucleus (a 1 in 20 chance) then unless that parent is the female that character cannot be passed onto the offspring. The basis for all of the old time instructions was to use certain plants for the female for certain characteristics and others as the male for certain other characteristics. It is obvious now, that this was based on observation in specific cases but falls down when it is used as a generality. In other cases, the particular characteristics may not be carried outsides the nucleus so there is no reason to use a particular plant as the female. What is needed is continuous reporting and continuous recording of which particular plants (individual clones) have this particular kind of inheritance for which particular characteristic. This necessitates making the crosses both ways (in sufficient numbers) and observing the results.

My own observations with bromeliads have been that maternal inheritance is fairly common. That is when a cross is made both ways it is fairly common for the two batches of F1 seedlings to be distinct. The differences may not be large but they are often there. (However, there are other possible reasons why the two batches may be different) The situation may be complicated by a combination of factors, e.g. one Australian hybridiser crossed N.RED OF RIO (syn. FIREBALL) with N.compacta, both ways. From the compacta (female) he obtained true hybrids which were intermediate between the two parents. On the RED OF RIO (female) the compacta pollen did not take but stimulated the RED OF RIO to self (it is normally self sterile). He has thus been able to establish a true breeding strain of RED OF RIO and he is now up to his third or fourth generation of this species from seed. This was fairly self evident because we were dealing with species. With hybrids this is more complicated but from my own observations similar problems

have arisen with Neoregelia PEPPER. Many Neoregelia PEPPER hybrids seem to be probable selfs rather than true crosses as they show no characteristics of the supposed pollen parent. Perhaps, Neoregelia PEPPER behaves similarly to the RED OF RIO mentioned earlier.

The moral of this article is simple. When you make a cross do not just accept that is is what you think it is. Look at your plants closely. Can you see evidence of both parents in the offspring? Does one closely resemble one parent only? People talk about a particular plant (usually a species, not a hybrid) being dominant and thus,

accept as a hybrid, a plant which is usually just a selfing. Dominance usually applies to individual characters and even then is seldom total. It does not mean that one plant can dominate another in all characteristics. If offspring have all, or almost all, characters of one parent then they are almost certainly that parent.

If you are a hybridiser learn to look, to see, and to think. Be critical and do not accept what you are told particularly about parentages. Many of them are wrong,

To Summarize

Let us remember that one grain of pollen may not fertilize all the seeds in the ovary at that time. However, generally speaking, the sheer volume of pollen means all the seed in the ovary shares the same father.

A plant which sets seeds may have:

Set seed to the pollen applied.

May not have set seed to the pollen applied, but may have selfed (this 2. particularly applies to self-fertile plants).

3. May not have set seed to the pollen applied, but may have set to a

"foreign" pollen (bird or insect).

May be a combination of 1 and 2, or 1 and 3, or even 2 and 3. The 4. combinations become more likely as more seed pods are involved.

Care must be taken that the seed pod used did actually come from the ovary fertilized which in compound congested flowers such as Neoregelia is not as casy as it sounds.

Finally, in deciding what has happened, the issue can become very clouded if a hybrid is involved in being either parent.

IS YOUR HYBRIDIZING REALLY NECESSARY?

There are hundreds of true species of Bromeliads that have been found in the wild and many of these or their progeny are in collections in Australia. However, they will evolve in a different pattern to their "brothers" and "sisters" in habitat.

There are some very beautiful true species and you could have a varied collection just from these. You can have I cm midgets to 10 metre giants. You can have green, spotted and striped leaves. You can have an inflorescence of 100 flowers or just one. What a variety!

Are you still toying with the idea of hybridizing "just for fun"?

THINK TWICE

It will put you in the class of the Ginger Tom next door OR even worse put in the class below the birds and the bees. Remember that in habitat the birds & bees do exactly what the flowers want them to do!

Do you still want to hybridize? What do you want to achieve?

The good hybridist will go down in history and a good hybridist has a definite goal.

Are you looking for?

- a. Hardiness
- b. Compact growth
- Broader leaves
- d. Better markings
- e. Larger inflorescence
- f. Scented flowers

B.? euphemiae hybrid = Bobtail

B.Catherine Wilson x Bobtail = Yayee

B. Yayee 'Rube' x Kahibah = Reids Rube

Therefore on your label please write Billbergia Reids Rube

Why bother to name hybrids when we doubt the parentage ?

Ever since Linnaeus introduced us to the binomial system, plants have moved from genus to genus and species to species as each botanist saw similarities and differences. Only when several botanists agree does the name remain fairly static. As gardeners, we have the job of matching a plant with the description. Sometimes we succeed and sometimes we don't. However, once we name a hybrid that name follows that plant irrespective of name changes of its parent. Therefore we know we have the right name for the plant and if we do find corrections to the names of the parents we can easily back track.

The same theory would follow a renaming or change of emphasis by botanists. An example of this could be Neoregelia sarmentosa and Neoregelia chlorosticta. Now they are treated as separate species but a few years ago one was considered a variety of the other. In this case a change would need to be made to the grex name to allow for the split although I would suggest that the cultivar names would remain. That of course is in the future and for others to solve.

From the other point of view, we have species that are reduced to synonymy. For example we still have plants labelled Billbergia thyrsoidea in Australia and yet this is really Billbergia pyramidalis. Here we could have a hybrid sharing the same parentage. But that too is in the future. If we do not actually name the hybrid but keep the formula for the parentage, e.g. Billbergia distachia v. maculata x B. vittata, then, say, a botanist decided that "maculata" was really a species, all the labels would have to be changed to

Billbergia maculata x B. vittata.

BUT we know from our checklist that

Billbergia distachia x B. vittata = Billbergia Misty Steel

So whatever changes occur in the names of the parentage we are safe with the name: Billbergia Misty Steel..

Because the fancy name follows the plant not the botanical formula.

Still not convinced ?

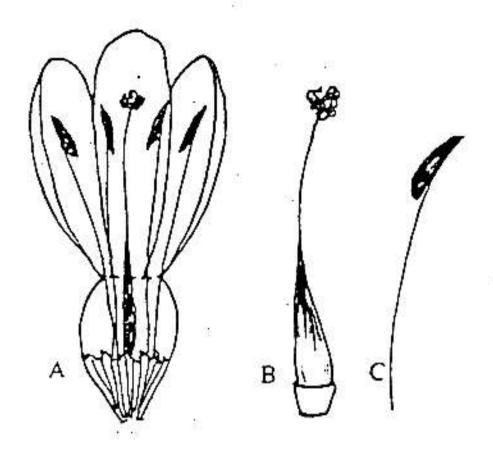
Names are given to animate and inanimate objects so that you can refer to them. It is known that the easiest way to impress a human is to mention his or her name. The more you mention the name the more likely you are to remember it. The same applies to plants so if it is a simple name to pronounce and meaningful and if you keep repeating it then the name will be used.

If you are proud enough of your hybrid then you should name it. If you are not proud of it then you should destroy all progeny.

How should you tell others about your achievement?

- 1. The ideal way is to register it.
- 2. Submit it for entry in a checklist like this.
- 3. Give details to Bromeletter or your local Newsletter.

FUNDAMENTALS OF HYBRIDIZING



- A. Petals, showing pistil and stamens
- B. Pistil, stigma and ovary
- C Stamen, showing pollen

To put it very simply the pollen (male) must come in contact with the stigma lobes (female) for fertile seed to be produced

Pollen must be available when the stigma lobes are receptive.

Just two reasons why self fertilization may not take place although there are many others.

- 1. Pollen may be available before the stigma lobes are receptive.
- Pollen may be available after the stigma lobes are receptive.

Just two reasons why species provide pollen for the same species.

- 1. Flowers would generally open at the same time of day or period.
- 2. Pollinators can be very specialised in what flowers they visit.

It would therefore seem to be a very general plan that the plant "wants" to set seed but "realises" that its best option for having adaptability is to seek cross-fertilization but within what humans would call species.

If for example a change in climatic conditions occurs then it is possible for another closely related species to flower at the same time and, if cross-fertilization occurs, a hybrid is born.

If there are sufficient of these happenings and the hybrids have the ability to cross pollinate by themselves and in comparative isolation then a new species would be evolved.

Suffice it is to say the Bromeliads are still evolving in the wild.

Perhaps you may wonder why, with all these restrictions, some plants are self fertile. Admittedly it is ideal for cross-fertilization to occur but if fertilization does not occur then some plants do the next best thing. The stamens pull closer to the stigma lobes as the flower fades and if both are still fertile, pollination can occur. For a more detailed look at hybridization and the whys and wherefores of genetic makeup you are referred to Benzing's Biology of Bromeliads

Humans, in their zest for improving on nature are inclined to want to hybridize - that is artifically bring pollen of one species to the stigma lobes of another.

Some general rules that should help you decide whether your hybridizing has been successful.

- 1. True species x same True species = same True species
- True variety x same True variety = same True variety
- True species x Self (own pollen) = same True species
- True species x another True species = F1 hybrid with consistent characteristics in each of the seedlings
- True species x Hybrid = F2 Hybrid with inconsistent characteristics.
- Hybrid x Hybrid = F3 Hybrid with inconsistent characteristics
- Hybrid x Self (own pollen) = F2 hybrid with inconsistent characteristics
- 7. Hybrid x same Hybrid = F2 Hybrid with inconsistent characteristics

Therefore if you do raise seedlings in bulk from the one seed pod, the characteristics of the batch will lead you to what type the parents were. However just to add another variable, some hybrids have been under cultivation so long that they act like a species. Many of the old *Vriesea* hybrids are like this.

Some hybrids are sterile and it is impossible to get seed from them while other hybrids are self-fertile. Seed obtained from 5, 6 and 7 above can produce some remarkable plants but a big percentage of them are weak and therefore not worth growing.

To obtain a hybrid where you know which is the father and which is the mother, the flower intended to be seed bearer must have its stamens removed before they become pollen bearing. The reason for this is obvious. However I know of no

hybridist in Australia who does this and the reason is equally obvious; bromeliads are well known for their bracts and the emasculation of a flower would be a very tricky business.

Action can be taken after the flower has actually opened. With billbergias, vrieseas and cryptanthus the stigma is exserted leaving the pollen anthers well below it and facilitating the removal of the pollen sacs. Aechmeas are the most difficult to pollinate with neoregelias coming a close second. The stamens which hold the pollen sacs fold over the stigma like a dome. It is difficult to pull the stamens away (using a sharp pointed pair of tweezers) from the concealed stigma without dragging pollen on it. In some plants the petals also are closed over the stamens and pistil so two barriers have to be breached before the pistil and its stamens are exposed.

The technique appears to be such that if the progeny are unlike the seed parent, then hybridization has occurred! However, depending on how the pollen did its job or whether it came from different sources it would be possible to get selfset seeds and hybrids in the same batch.

Hybrids in the accepted sense are rare in the "wild" because pollen is available at the, should we say, wrong time. This works against the Hybridist but can be solved in keeping pollen in a cold place such as a refrigerator. Little is known of the ideal temperature or length of viability of the pollen.

When you have finally succeeded in doing all this, don't spoil it by forgetting what you have done. Clearly mark the mother plant with a label showing the pollen donor, so that if seed eventuates then you will know the parentage. If you have used more than one flower per mother plant such as neoregelias then each flower will need to be marked. This can be done with a small triangular plastic tag carefully inserted between floral bract and overy.

POLLEN PRESERVATION

Hartman and Kester, Plant propagation: principles and practice. 3rd ed. (Englewood Cliffs, Prentice hall, 1975) reveals

"Most kinds of pollen will remain viable for only a few days or weeks at warm temperatures, but many kinds can be preserved for several months to several years at low temperatures and relatively low humidity. Effective storage conditions are a combination of 10 to 50 percent relative humidity and a temperature of 0° to 10°C. Moisture content of the pollen can be controlled by storing over a desiccant, such as calcium chloride or sulphuric acid. Some pollen - that of grasses, for instance, is best stored at 90 - 100 percent relative humidity. Pollen can be effectively stored at about 18°C, as in a home freezer "

Ingredients for the Home Pollen Preserver

- Piece of paper, about 5 cm square. (Writing paper will do)
- 2 Small glass bottle (Not plastic)
- 3. Absorbent material (silica gel crystals from your local pharmacy)

Method A

- Write name of pollen donor on paper.
- Scrape pollen onto paper, fold carefully.
- Place in freezer section and hope you don't lose it

Method B

- Write name of pollen donor on paper.
- Scrape pollen onto paper, fold carefully

- · Place in bottle with silica gel crystals, screw on top
- · Put in the "butter" compartment of your refrigerator.
- If crystals turn pink, remove and replace with blue ones. The pink crystals
 can be changed to blue by drying such as in an oven.

In either method A or B, the stored pollen can be used without any "warm up" period.

Method B is recommended mainly because

- 1 you have a visual indication of whether mould/ mildew has attacked the pollen rendering it useless.
- 2 It has been tried by Andrew Flower of Wellington N.Z., who pointed me in the right direction.

Now that you have gone to the trouble of preserving this pollen, what are you going to do with it? Dare I suggest that you try to preserve species, at least of the rarer kind, rather than just hybridize.

PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH THE VARIOUS GENERA

AECHMEA

The Origiesia group is the most common and these have generally rigid bracts. Aechmea recurvata is very dominant when used as a parent. Many are self-fertile.

Some species are night flowering. Many species are fertile during early daylight hours.

BILLBERGIA

Probably the easiest to hybridize because of the ease with which the stamens and stigma can be accessed.

Most species in the sub-genus Helicodea are self-fertile.

OBSTRUCTURE

There are some very interesting details given by Dr Mark Dimmitt in BSI Journal v.40, 1990, Pages 17 -20, 72 - 80, 118 - 123. However, in my experience very few hybrids are an improvement on either parent especially in the grey leaf forms. Another big problem is the time it takes to reach maturity and deciding whether hybridization did take place which can be after the hybridist's interest has wantd or premature death (of the hybridist

AUSTRALIAN REGISTRATION

Registration of Billbergia KAHIBAH

by Dr R.D. Johnston, Society Registrar of Cultivars (Reprinted from Bromeletter, Vol.1 No.4, Nov/Dec 1963)

At recent meetings we have seen specimen plants resulting from the pollination of Billbergia saundersii x amoena with pollen from the commonly grown "B. nutans". The originator of this hybrid combination is Mrs Win Reid of Kahibah (near Newcastle, NSW) who is to be congratulated on the production of a very attractive group of plants.

As would be expected from the parentage there is considerable diversity amongst the new plants. Leaf shape varies from very narrow triangular (up to 20 inches x 0.5 inch) to strap-shaped and shorter (12 inches x 1 inch), the broader leaves tending to form a short tube. The margins of the leaves are finely and distantly toothed. Leaf colour varies from uniformly dark green to pale green with random yellow-green spots, and some plants show the ability to turn red under conditions of high light and low nitrogen supply.

The inflorescence may be erect or nodding and has scape bracts which vary in colour from pink through salmon to bright red, on different plants. All flowers seen so far have green petals with dark blue borders, the blue border isregarded as a noticeable trait of B. nutans and its hybrids. This hybrid group has been named Billbergia KAHIBAH.

NOTES

There were approximately 48 plants in this grex but apparently only three
were released. We do not know if the other 45 were destroyed.

- the seed parent has been traced back to a hybrid now called GEM where one parent was probably B. saundersii and the other parent possibly vaguely B. amoena. Diagnosis given by L. B. Smith in May 1963. The pollen parent was given in 'quotes' because in 1963 it was doubted if the true species B. nutans was in Australia. That doubt continues to this day, July 1990.
- At the Bromeliad Conference in Brisbane, 1993, it was suggested there was a need for "Australian" registration. A copy of the application form follows. Those

cultivars accepted, will be marked with an 'R" (e.g Neoregelia WALLY, Nidularium MIRANDA)



APPLICATION FOR AUSTRALIAN REGISTRATION OF A BROMELIAD CULTIVAR

PROPOSED NAME:		(Limit-10 syllables - 30 letter
SPECIES CULTIVAR		
	Species	
Variety	Date of Discovery	
HYBRID CULTIVAR (Pleas	e fill in as much information as possible.)	
CROSS DATE:	IST BLOOM DAT	E:
SEED PARENT-If hybrid.	give formula (below) & hybrid name, if known (right)	Name_
	x	
Genus:	Species:Cultivar:	
Variety:	Cultivar:	Hybridizer ID#:
POLLEN PARENT-If hyt	rid, give formula (below) & hybrid name, if known (ri	
7	x	
Veries	Species Cultivar:	
vanety:	Cultivar:	Hybridizer ID#:
COLLECTOR/HYBRIDIZE	ER:	
Name:	Address:	ti
City:	State: Country	
Telephone:	FAX:	
APPLICANT:		
Name:	Address:	
City:	State: Country:	
Telephone:	Address:Country:FAX:	
	CULTIVAR:	
PLANT CULTIVAR MOST RES	EMBLES:	
DESCRIBE CHARACTERS MAI	KING CULTIVAR UNIQUE/RECOGNIZABI	LE/DIFFERENT:
		100
SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT:	\$4 112	DATE:

ENCLOSED: COLOUR PHOTOGRAPH NEGATIVE SEND TO: Derek Butcher, 25 Crace Rd., Fulham, South Australia 5024.

Permission by collector/hybridizer to publish cultiva	rname? Y	′es □ N	o =
Permission to reproduce photographs for use by the	e BSA Inc.?	Yes 🗀	No 🗆
Do you want your full address to be published? Ye	s 🗆 No		

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR REGISTRATION OF BROMELIAD CULTIVARS

Efforts by hybridizers to improve the appearance of the bromeliad have been very successful with new colors, shapes and sizes being introduced everyday. The sheer number of new introductions has made the collector and grower much more selective in what he is able to collect and grow. Frustration has occurred when a grower has attempted to acquire a certain choice clone or cultivar and received instead a plant with the same name but of different character and appearance. This happened because, in the past, emphasis was placed on naming the grex rather than the clone or cultivar. Today, the registration process of the Bromeliad Society International is concerned solely with registration of cultivar names.

GREX is a term which means "seedling batch" (all the plants resulting from making a hybrid. More often than not, a GREX, expecially one with complex hybrids in the cross, will contain plants differing significantly in appearance. A CULTIVAR is an individual that has been selected from a GREX because of a particular attribute or combination of attributes. It is clearly distinct, uniform and stable in its characteristics, and when propagated by pupping, retains those characteristics because it is of identical genetic makeup. Thus, when a CULTIVAR is given a name and distributed, one can be assured that all plants with this name have the same characteristics and uniformity. This is the main reason that we register only cultivar names, and with the cooperation of every bromeliad grower, collector and hybridizer, the confusion of the past can be avoided.

CHOOSING CULTIVARS TO BE NAMED

The most important decision you must make before attempting to register a cultivar is to satisfy yourself that the cultivar is truly unique and recognizable. Cultivars should be grown through several cycles of pupping and blooming to insure that they are stable and reproduce consistently. "Recognizable" should mean that the cultivar has unique characteristics which allow it to be identified or recognized without a tag, especially by someone other than yourself. This decision is yours to make and your best judgment is required to prevent the registration of large numbers of essentially identical plants. For instance, if you make a hybrid grex consisting of a variety of clones or cultivars, selecting and registering only the truly unique clone or clones is the most appropriate way to proceed. The next appropriate thing to do is to destroy the balance of the grex or at least, make an effort not to release it.

PLANT DESCRIPTION

After choosing a cultivar name, fill out the registration form to the best of your ability. The general description is of great importance in that it gives meaning to the cultivar. It should cover items such as overall size. Full leaf descriptions: length, width, shape of tip, color, and number; size, color and spacing of the spines. General shape: tubular? rosette? etc. Growth habit: Is it stoloniferous? The description of the inflorescence is very important: size, branched?, bract color and size, berries and blooms. Include annual blooming times if available. Indicate in the appropriate space the plant your cultivar most resembles. This makes the description easier to understand and visualize. A written description of the feature or character that makes the cultivar unique is also required, and the applicant may use the plant the cultivar resembles as a reference. For instance, Ae. 'Ensign' may be described as resembling Ae.orlandiana but having green leaves with white margins suffused with red.

WHAT TO REGISTER

Any bromeliad cultivar may be registered: a unique cultivar of a species plant, a new, unknown or undescribed species (e.g. *Neoregelia* 'Fireball') or a hybrid with unknown parentage. It must simply fit the definition for cultivar as described above.

GUIDELINES FOR CHOOSING NAMES

The grex or cultivar name you choose should follow the guidelines below:

- On or after 1 January 1996, new cultivar names must consist of no more than 10 syllables and no more than 30 letters or characters overall, excluding spaces and the single quotes which indicate a cultivar name.
- The name may not be in Latin, or include botanical names and terms or similarities to existing names which might lead to confusion.
- It is preferable not to use abbreviations, articles, numerals, arbitrary sequences of letters, or terms such
 as "Cross," "Hybrid," or "Grex" or words exaggerating the merits of the cultivar which may become

Registration of Bromeliad Hybrids. BSI Journal Sep/Oct 1980

Veoregelias from Seed to Seed. BSI Journal, Nov/Dec 1977

Bromeliads: Aechmea Hybrids. BSI Journal, Jan/Feb 1979

Hybrid Analysis. Bromeletter, July/Aug 1978

Hybrid and Cultivar Names. Bromelener, Jan/Feb 1978

Hybrids. Bromeliads II Conference Proceedings.

The Case for Responsible Hybridizing. Grande, Vol 1. No. 3.

An Outline for Naming Hybrids and Cultivars. Grande, Vol.1, No. 3

A Paradise of Bromeliads. Bromeliads I Conference. Proceedings.

The Biology of Bromellads, by D. Benzing,

(especially Chapters 1, 2, 9, 10 - 13, 16)

Genetics behind Hybridization. World Bromeliad Conference, II.

Proceedings.

Compiled by Don Beadle.

Manuscript of Bromeliad Hybrids and Cultivars, by B. Smith

reliminary listing of all known cultivar and grex names for the Bromeliaceae

NOTES ON INTERPRETATION

Hybrid names are shown in CAPITAL letters unless, where indicating a parent, only the first letter is a CAPITAL. True species are shown totally in *italics*.

The year the hybrid was done is shown ,if known, after the initials

Names not necessarily Australian hybrids or cultivars are given because they are links with plants of unknown or U.S. origin which do not appear anywhere else.

Even though a reverse cross can show differences, these are ignored by the "Cultivated Code" and the hybrid plants share the sameGREX name. However these differences are accounted for in the given cultivar names.

When the formula is shown on the right hand side, the first named is the seed parent unless stated.

Where "Other Clones' are shown, the grex name is NOT repeated as a cultivar name. Thus Billbergia DOREEN JOHNSTON is a cultivar in its own right and for the purist we should have Billbergia DOREEN JOHNSTON c.v.DOREEN JOHNSTON. Hybridists are shown as initials

AF	=	Andrew Flower	NZ
AL	=	Allan Ladd	NSW
AMF	=:	Allan Freeman	Qld
AV	=	Ann Vincent	NSW
ВВ	=	Barclay Binney	Qld
BE	=	Brian Ellis	NSW
ВН	=	Bill Harland	NSW
BS	=	Bernard Stonor	WA
CH	=	Charles Hodgson	Vic
CW	= :	Clyde Wasley	Qld
DB	=	Doug Burns	NSW
FW	=	Florence Wasley	Qld
GA/GG	=	George Anderson (USA) seed raised by G G.	
GG	E (1)	Grace Goode	Qld
GP	=	Grant Paterson	Qld
GS	=	Greg Stewart	Qld
JM	=	Jim McQueen	Tas
JR	=	Jarka Rehak	NSW
JT	=	Josie Tonkin	SA
JW	=	Joan White	NSW
KB	=	Keith Bradtberg	. SA
KS	=	Ken Shaw	WA
KW	=	Kevin Walters	Qld
LB	=	Len Butt	Qld
LN	=	Leverett's Nursery	Vic
MK	=	Maurie Kellett	Vic
MP	=	Margaret Paterson	Qld
NC	=	Norm Catlin	Qld
NK	=	Norm Kretschmann	Qld
NM	=	Nez Misso	Qld
NP	=	Neil Paterson	Qld
OF	=	Olwen Ferris	Qld
OF/Dr O	=	Hybridist Dr Oeser seed raised by OF	350

PF	-	Peter Franklin	NSW
PT	-	Peter Tristram	NSW
RF	÷	Roy Ford	Qld
RL	-	Robert Larnach	NSW
RR	=	Ruby Ryde	NSW
RoR	-	Rolly Reilly	QId
VP	=	Vic Przetocki	WA
WM		William Morris	NSW
WR	=	Wynn Reid	NSW

AECHMEA

ANN VINCENT

= calyculata x caudata

AV

APOCALYPSE NOW

Name of clone of a supposed

A. muricata imported from the
US by D. Butcher in 1982. Similar
to A. apocalyptica but with
yellow flowers.

yellow flowers. (See Bromeletter.Jan 1991)

AVARUA

= racinae x recurvata

JM

AZTEC GOLD

= recurvata v. recurvata variegated sport NC

BEADS OF CORAL

= see HAL ELLIS

was called Coral Beads but

Hummel has priority

BERT

= U.S. Hybrid (orlandiana x fosteriana)

Ben F2

= VIKTOR

BIG BEN

= recurvata v. benrathii x

Œ

orlandiana

BLUE BONNET

recurvata hybrid.
 origin unknown. Similar to SOLO
 but inflorescence shorter,
 petals blue

BLUE CONE

= unknown as yet Received with A. gamosepala seed. Very similar to Fossari's drawing in Reitz's Bromeliaceas and fig 642 in Smith & Down's Bromelioideae. NOT like the more common lax matchstick floral form.

BLUE WHEAT

= unknown parentage, was called triticins (See Bromeletter Mar. 1997)

BRETT TERRACE

= MARY BRETT (F2) (See Bromletter May/June 1994) PF

bromeliifolia v. albobracseata

See Bromeletter Nov1991

BURNT TORCH (PF338)

= pineliana x bromeliifolia (Origin unknown-see Bromeletter Mar. 1997)

calyculata x caudata

ANN VINCENT

calyculata x recurvata

= SOLO

v. ortgiesti

2	: 1	
=	SCARLET GEM	
	See Bromeletter, Nov. 1994	
Ħ		Н 9507
=	SILVER GODDESS	
=	FOSTERS CHANT	
	see BEADS OF CORAL	
=	comata x recurvata Hummel. U.S. origin,	
	KEITHS COMET (mauve), GOLDEN	
	Remake by K. Bradtberg, S. Aust. 1988 using recurvata v. recurvata giving long stemmed inflorescence.	
	Fosters Favorite x recurvata v. V	/P83
	2 tone green variegated form L of A. nudicaulis v. nudicaulis	В
=	WHITE BOUQUET	
=	cylindrata x?caudata E 2 forms (1)coral red ovaries with cornflower blue petals (2) salmon pink/orange ovaries with pale sea green petals	S
	recurvata hybrid (See Bromeletter Jan 1996)	o.e
31 4 3	KIMBERLEY '	
-	chantinii x fosterianus C	G ·
		recurvata x fasciata It is known that this plant emanated from the Hodgson collection and that he did hybridize

recurvata v. recurvata

= DARK CRYSTAL Fosters Favorite x

= An erroneous caesia with grey flowers possibly caudata x caesia GAITERS

 GYMPIE GOLD gamosepala x caudata

AECHMEA

ALCHMEA		
GINGER	A meristem oddity. Ever growing, never flowering (See Bromletter July 1993)	
GOLDEN COMET	Sec COVATA	
GYMPIE GOLD	= gamosepala x caudata	NP85
HAL ELLIS	= Royal Winc x coelestis	Œ
Other Clones	PINK BEADS, MAUVE BEADS, MONDAMIN, BEADS OF CORAL	
ICE CREAM CONE (PF1520)	 From Julian Nally seed. BSA seedbank (See Bromeletter Mar. 1997) 	
JULIAN NALLY	= apocalyptica No.464 x comata M.Foster 1961 See also Bromeletter Sep. 1980	
KEITHS COMET	See COVATA	
KIMBERLEY	= fosteriana x weilbachii v. leodiensis	VP91
LEN BUTT	= Royal Wine x calyculata	000
leucolepis	See bromeliifolia v. albobracteata	
LIGHT RAYS	= a supposed recurvata hybrid but not sufficiently different from	

AECHMEA MONDAMIN

see HAL ELLIS

NALLYI

sometimes seen as XNALLYI
This is a M. Foster hybrid, not the
species and regrettably has been
grown from seed with an unknown
father. BSI Journal, May/June
1987,P103 shows the correct name
as JULIAN NALLY - see above.

nudicaulis x Quesnella marmorata XQUESMEA AMANDA

ornata

See Bromeletter, March 1994

Ongiesia

See Bromeletter, Mar & May 1994

PIE IN SKY

= name for erroneous Aechmea pimenti velosoi variegata (See Bromeletter July 1995)

PINK BEADS

see HAL ELLIS

Pie in Sky x gracilis

MAGPIE

pineliana x bromeliifolia

BURNT TORCH

PURPLE GLOBE

see macrochlamys

racinae x recurvata

= AVARUA

recurvata x fasciaia

CHARLES HODGSON

recurvata v. benrathii x orlandiana = BIG BEN

ROBERTO SEIDEL

Other names ROBERTO SEIDELII and SEIDELIANA RUBRAFOLIA. very similar if not identical to A. warasii but apparently of hybrid origin, possibly natural, of A. warasii and A. racinae. See Bromeletter, May 1993

Royal Wine x calyculata

LEN BUTT

Royal Wine x coelestis

= HAL ELLIS

RUBY

7 hybrid of seideliana (See Bromeletter July 1995)

AECHMEA
SCARLET GEM

= caudata x recurvata v. ortgiesii CG Compact plant with turned back blue tipped leaves. Inflorescence brilliant scarlet with cream flowers. Bas of leaves, inside and out, bluish purple

seideliana

See Bromeletter Nov. 1991

SILVER GODDESS

= chantinii x chantinii " Dark Goddess". Really a form of chantinii !

SOLO

= calyculata x recurvata JM82 v. ortgiesii Therefore C.V. of XOrtgiesioides

TESSIE

= phanerophiebia Received in Australia as seed as tessmanii in 1963 by Wal Charlie. Lyman Smith, in 1968, believed it to be a A. distichantha hybrid although close to A. phanerophiebia. In 1990 Luther expressed view he thought it was A. phanerophiebia.. Lack of collecting data causes problems however the odd shaped sepal is an indicator See Bromeletter, March 1990

VIKTOR

= BERT variegated F2 -not variegated VP

wellbachii x Nidularium billbergioides XNidumea BEACON

WHITE BOUQUET

= fasciata v. purpurea x? MK

WHITE LIGHTNING

almost pure yellow leaf form NC of Mary Hyde

XANAGELIA

NORM KRETSCHMANN = Neoregelia "meyendorfii" x
Ananas ananassoides

NK

XANAMEA BIG CHARLIE

=Ae, nudicaulis x Ananas bracteatus

BILLBERGIA

ALLSEASONS = Storm x Catherine Wilson VP88

amoena x chlorosticta = GLADLY

a Discourse and

amoena x leptopoda

CURLY TOP

BILLBERGIA		7 7 554 4 7 4 5 6 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	
amoena v. rubra x	=	JEFF WASLEY	
Catherine Wilson			
amoena v. rubra x euphemiae	=	?	
amoend v. rubra x Fred Gerber	=	FRED RED	
amoena v. rubra x Gerda (true one !)	=	BILL HARLAND	
(amoena v. rubra x viridis) x Glory Be	=	MEDOWIE GIFT	
amoena v. rubra x Oesers bigeneric hybrid	-	7	
amoena v. rubra z vittata	*	MEDOWIE DUSK	
amoena v. rubra stolonifera x Red Smoke	=	RED CORAL	
amoena v. stolonifera z Euphemie Waterman	=	MURIELS GRANDCHILD	
amoena v. stolonifera z Red Raven		RED VASE	
amoena v. viridis x Bobtail	=	SPOTTED WREN	
amoena v. viridis x Gem	=	PRIA	
amoena hybrid x zebrina	<i>≅</i>	STRANGE MAGIC	
ASTRA	=	Hybrid of Elvenia Slosson other parent unknown	Œ
AUDREY .	=	sanderiana x (amoena v. rubra x amoena v. viridis)	WM
AUSSIE ROSE	=	Remake of Fahtasia in Australia	₩M
BERNARD STONOR		See SPRINGTIME	
BEWITCHED		See DARK FANTASY	
BIG BOY	,=	(rosea x meadii!) x pyramidalis v. pyramidalis	1M
BIG EVENT	<u></u>	Catherine Wilson x horrida	œ

	2	.0	
BILLBERGIA BILL HARLAND	=	amoena rubra. x Gerda (true one). Origin unknown.	
BILL MORRIS		parents unknown	
BILLS BABY	=	macrocalyx x venezuelana	WM
BILLS BONANZA	×	Bills Giant x amoena v.virtdts	WM
Other Clone		BILLS PRIDE	
BILLS GIANT	-	? vittata x ? zebrina origin unknown	
Bills Giant x amoena v. viridis	=	BILLS BONANZA	
BILLS PRIDE		see BILLS BONANZA	
BILLS TRIUMPH	=	(euphemiae x amoena v. rubra) x horrida v. tigrina	? G G
BLACK OPAL		see JILL	
BOBTAIL	=	? euphemiae v. purpurea hybrid. Imported as Henry TEUSCHER from Julian Nally, which is incorrect.	
Bobtail x Chas Webb	=	WANITA	
Bobtail x Fantasia	<u>_</u>	FANTASTIC BOB	
Bobtail x Gem	=	SHOCKING PINK	
Bobtail x nutans hybrid	=	RED SURPRISE	
brasiliensis .		See Bromeletter July1965 and May 1992	
BUBBLING OVER	=	parentage unknown	œ
bucholtzii x Theodore L Mead	=	? US hybrid	

CANDY = macrocalyx x nutans WM

CAPRICE See FLAMINGO

CARMINE GLOW See RAPID FIRE

BILLBERGIA CATHERINE WILSON

Problem 1:This is a U.S. hybrid but there are two forms in Australia. One as per Padilla's Bromeliads, page 125 and the other with narrower leaves called the Queensland form!

Problem 2:Plant on front of Queensland Soc. Journal, Mar/Apr 1997 not Catherine Wilson but Catherine Wilson's child which will be christened soon.

Catherine Wilson F2

= SUMMER STORM

Catherine Wilson x Bobtail

= YAYEE

Catherine Wilson x Chas Webb = RED GLORY

Catherine Wilson x horrida v. tigrina BIG EVENT

Catherine Wilson x Oesers bigeneric hybrid

DOREEN JOHNSTON

Catherine Wilson x pyramidalis

= HAL ELLIS

Catherine Wilson x vittata

= RED SMOKE

CHAS WEBB

wittata x ? amoena This plant was widespread even when the BSA was formed. Parentage is a guess (See Bromletter Nov/DEc 1972) Named to honour Charles Webb, one of the Bromeliad pioneers in Australia. Bears some similarity with B. Breauteana which could have been brought over at the turn of the century. (See Bromeletter May 1996)

Chas Webb F2

OLIVE WILLS

Chas Webb x Catherine Wilson = RED GLORY

CHERRY FIZZ

Yayee x Fantasia

VP88

Other Clones

LIME AND SODA, STRAWBERRY SLING

chlorantha x sanderiana

= GREEN SAND

chlorosticta

Now saundersii

chlorosticta x Bobtail

= ROBERT SAUNDERS

chlorosticta x euphemiae

= JOYOUS

BILLBERGIA CHOC CHILL	= vittata x Windii VP88
CLYDE WASLEY	sec YAYEE
COURT JESTER	= Hoelscheriana x distachia WM
Other Clone	v. straussiana DARK KNIGHT (Reverse cross)
CREAM PUFF	= Hoelscheriana x chlorosticta WM
CURLEW	= Windii x leptopoda VP87
CURLY TOP	= amoena x leptopoda Dr O67 (Note - has been shown as amoena x euphemiae in error)
DALMATIAN	=(vittata x amoena) x? VP86
DARK FANTASY	= Othello x Fantasia CW
Other Clones	BEWITCHED (VP), FANTASY
DARK KNIGHT	See Court Jester
DECOR	= (vittata x amoena) x sanderiana VP88
Other Clone	SHOWTIME
DELIGHT	see DOREEN JOHNSTON
distachia x amoena v. viridis	= RED SPOT
distachia x euphemiae	= ?
distachia x nutans	= ALBERTII (remake by OF 1964)
distachia x vittata	= MISTY STEEL
distachia v. maculata x amoena rubra stolonifera	= RED COAT
DOREEN JOHNSTON	 Catherine Wilson x Oesers GG bigeneric hybrid (Tall plant, wide leaves with yellow and white splashes on pink and green background)
Other Clones	DELIGHT, DRESS CIRCLE, FIRST LOVE (Green tubular plant blushed with pink and covered with yellow spots), HIGH AND MIGHTY, PINK SENSATION, RADIANT, SUPER GRACE
Reverse Cross	GRACE GOODE (Large plant pink colouring with splashes of yellow and pale pink), KIP,

BILLBERGIA DREAMTIME	see RED GLORY
DRESS CIRCLE	see DOREEN JOHNSTON
DR YAY	= Oesers bigeneric hybrid x CW Yayce
ELAM	= sanderiana x amoena v. CG viridis
ELEGANT	= elegans hybrid GG other parent unknown
ELVENIA SLOSSON	= nutans x Albertii (Albertii is B. nutans x B. distachia so would expect a smallish plant close to B. nutans. However in Australia, a plant under this name appears to be B.nutans x B.vittata and thus Leodinensis) See hybrids by BS
Elvenia Slosson hybrid	= ASTRA
(euphemiae x amoena) x vistata	origin unknown
(euphemiae x amoena v. rubra) x horrida v. tigrina	= BILLS TRIUMPH
euphemiae v purpurea x amoena v. viridis	see RED RAVEN
euphemiae v purpurea x Elvenia Slosson	= RED SURPRISE refer Smith's checklistand BSI Journal, 1974, p.92.
euphemiae v. purpurea x Muriel Waterman	= EUPHEMIE WATERMAN
euphemiae v. purpurea x amoena v. viridis x horrida v. tigrina	=MIXED BLESSINGS (who did this conglomeration ?)
EUPHEMIE WATERMAN	= euphemiae v. purpurea x WM83 Muricl Waterman
FANTASIA	 pyramidalis x chlorosticta A Foster hybrid
FANTASTIC BOB	= Bobtail x Fantasia OF84
FANTASY	See Dark Fantasy

see THINK PINK

FIRST LADY

BILLBERGIA FIRST LOVE

see DOREEN JOHNSTON

FLAMINGO

= Super Grace x (vittata x amoena) VP87

Other Clone

CAPRICE

fosteriana

See Bromeletter, Mar 1992

FRED GERBER

Seed from F. Gerber, Florida, U.S.A.

FRED RED

= amoena v. rubra x Fred Gerber WM83

FULL OF LIFE

= zebrina x amoena viridis

GALA

= macrocalyx x pyramidalis v. WM concolor

? saundersii x amoena

GEM

? saundersii x amoena or ? saundersii hybrid

Synonyms

GLYMIANA, GLIMIANA, GEMIANA (Note: Is this Hoelscheriana F2 ? Olwen Ferris Selfed Hoelscheriana and it could be) See Bromeletter, Nov. 1990

Gem x sanderiana

RAPID FIRE

GENEVIEVE

= leptopoda x Bobtail

Œ

GERDA

= horrida x amoena M.FosterThis plant has characteristics of B. horrida (one of its parents) refer BSI Bull. Vol 12, No 4, 1962 The "Australian" Gerda looks like a vittata and is now called ROYAL VASE. In all probability the following crosses used Royal Vase.

The true Gerda has been found masquerading under the name of B. amoena x vittata - a plant imported by a Dr. Dawes in the late 1950s. This could be a simple case of label swapping!. B. amoena x vittata is B. Breauteana amongst many other names. AND the B. Breauteana in Australia is very similar to our ROYAL VASE.

Gerda x amoena v rubra

JUST GREAT

Gerda x amoena v. viridis

SWEET BYE

		3 1	
BILLBERGIA Gerda x vittata	-	SILVER SHEEN	
GLAD LAWRENCE		see OPALESQUE	Ŷ
GLADLY	=	amoena x chiorosticta origin unknown. Could be of US origin. Note: Giridlian's hybrid is unnamed	22
GLOBRITE	=	vittata x Carmine Glow VP	88
GLORY BE		sec JUST GREAT	
GOLDEN JOY		Kahibah x Glory Be WM	1
GOTHENSIS	=	pyramidalis v concolor hybrid Origin unknown. ? U.S. import Julian Nally lived in Gotha, Florida!!	
GRACE GOODE		see DOREEN JOHNSTON	
GRAYLING		see SHOCKING PINK	
GREEN SAND		chiorantha x sanderiana BB	
GREY MIST		see MISTY STEEL	
HAL ELLIS	-	Catherine Wilson x CG pyramidalis	
HAMERSLEY RED	-	Red Surprise x sanderiana VP8	37
HIGH and MIGHTY		see DOREEN JOHNSTON	
HIGHLIGHT		see RED SMOKE	
Hoelscheriana x Bobtail	=	POTOFGOLD	
Hoelscheriana x chlorosticta	=	CREAM PUFF	
Hoelscheriana x distachia	=	COURT JESTER	
Hoelscheriana x Red Raven	=	RAVENOUS .	
horrida x amoena	=	GERDA	

= amoena v. minor x horrida

v. tigrina (Note: This should be strictly GERDA cv. JEAN BLACK) Œ

Jean Black x Muriel Waterman

JEAN BLACK

JEANNIE = ?vittata minor

BILLBERGIAJEFF WASLEY	=	amoena v. rubra x CG Catherine Wilson
JILL Other Clone	=	Yayee x Clyde Wasley CW (Note: Really Yayee F2) BLACK OPAL
JOSIE TONKIN	9	see YAYEE
JOYOUS	-	chlorosticta x euphemiae origin unknown, ? U. S. import
JUBILEE	=	Kahibah x zebrina VP89
JUST GREAT Other Clone	()	Gerda x amoena v. rubra Large tubular plant richly suffused with dark pink with white to cream blotching, banded silver grey on back of leaf. GLORY BE
KAHIBAH	=	(chlorosticta x amoena) x nutans WR Two possible forms: 1. Red scape bracts, reddish sepals 2. Pink scape bracts, whitish sepals It is possible that the seed, parent used was GEM (See Bromeletter, Sep. 1990)
Kahibah x amoena v. rubra	-	RUBE WYNN
Kahibah x Glory Be	=	GOLDEN JOY
Kahibah x Rube	=	REIDS RUBE
Kahibah x zebrina	_	JUBILEE
KIP		see DOREEN JOHNSTON
kuhlmannii		see brasiliensis
LAWRENCE		see RED SMOKE
LEADING LADY		see THINK PINK
leptopoda x Bobtail	=	GENEVIEVE
leptopoda x Chas Webb	:=:	REWARD
leptopoda x chlorosticta	=	NEZ MISSO
leptopoda x vittata	=	STORM
LIME AND SODA		see CHERRY FIZZ
LISSOM	=	nutans x vittata GG Therefore CV of Leodiensis

macrocalyz x nutans = CANDY

macrocatyx x = GALA

pyramidalis v. concolor

macrocalyx x = BILLS BABY

venezuelana

MAGIC GRACE = vittata x elegans GG

MEADII = nutans x speciosa

= Theodore L. Mead a U.S.

hybrid (See Bromeletter Nov/Dec

1972, p.10)

MEDOWIE DUSK = amoena v. rubra x vinata WM

MEDOWIE GIFT = (amoena rubra x viridis) WM

x Glory Be

MISTY PINK = vittata x amoena MP

MISTY STEEL = distachia x yittata QF

Other Clone GREY MIST

MIXED BLESSINGS = euphemiae v. purpurea x

amoena v. viridis x horrida v.

ligrina.

Origin unknown. Seedling from

N.S.W. named in S.A.

MONDOS OTHELLO = U.S.A. hybrid - Apparently

originated in Manda's nursery and he called it

OTHELLO

MULBERRY PIE = sanderiana x amoena red WM

MURIELS GRANDCHILD = amoena v. stolonifera x WM95

Eophemie Waterman

MY CHOICE see SPOTTED WREN

MY PLEASURE see RED SMOKE

MYSTERY BILL = possibly a horrida x

(started as BILL MYSTERY

from Bill Thomas)

NEZ MISSO = leptopoda x chlorosticta NM

nutans - See Bromeletter, Nov. 1993 & Jan. 1994
Authenticated Selby 84-538. Refer O. Trevor

nutans x Neoregelia carolinae

see XNeobergia NODDY

nutans x pyramalidis

= SWEET SIXTEEN

OESER

Rationalised name for Oesers bigeneric hybrid

Oesers bigeneric hybrid

parentage unknown
(When used as parent, progeny
do not show genera other than
Billbergia. Therefore ? bigeneric)
Probably B. amoena. Now called OESER

Oesers bigeneric hybrid x Yayee

= DR YAY

OH JOY

see YAYEE

OLIVE WILLS

= CHAS WEBB F2 (Has form of pyramidalis v. concolor)

OPALESQUE

= Reward x Catherine Wilson GG Tall tubular plant green with brown on topside of leaf with lighter green marking

Other Clone

GLAD LAWRENCE

OTHELLO

proper name for Manda's Othello or Mondos Othello. Never registered or correctly named. Originated in Manda'snursery in Calif. and apparently was named Othello. 'Manda' was added to indicate place of origin.

Othello x Fantasia

= DARK FANTASY

PENUMBRA

= sanderiana x vittata

KW

Œ

PERRIAMS PRIDE

variegated sport of B. distachia occurred in S. Aust.

PINK CANDY

= Santa Barbara F2 (with white streaks)

VP86

PINK MIST

Name first mentioned in W. Aust. ? clone of Opalesque

PINK SENSATION

see DOREEN JOHNSTON

PINK SMOKE

parentage unknown CG? links with Gerda
(Foster's horrida v. tigrina x amoena)

BILLBERGIA PINK SURPRISE	= R	obert Saunders x teptopoda	WM
PINK VASE	= ?	SFA 73	CW
POTOFGOLD	= H	oelscheriana x Bobtail	WM
PRIA	= a	moena v. viridis x. Gem	JW67
Pria x horrida v. tigrina	= T	ROJAN TIGER	
PURPLE SMOKE	so	e RED SMOKE	
pyramidalis v. sırıata x Hoelscheriana	= Si	LEEPING BEAUTY	
RADIANT	sc	c DOREEN JOHNSTON	
RAINBOW	se	e YAYEE	
RAINBOW	H	nis is a US common name for oelscheriana. Therefore change time to Hoelscheriana unless ant looks like YAYEE	
RAPID FIRE Other Clone		em x sanderiana ARMINE GLOW	VP85
RAVENOUS	= He	oelscheriana x Red Raven	VP87
RED COAT		stachia v. maculata x	VP86
Other Clone		toena v. rubra stolonifera JXEDO (striated)	
RED CORAL	'= an	noena v. rubra stolonifera x Red Smoke	VP88
RED GLORY	(T	as Webb x Catherine Wilson all tubular plant brilliant pink senish yellow leaf tips)	GC with
Other Clone	DR	EAMTIME	
RED RAVEN		ohemiae v. purpurea x amoena v. viridis erefore c.v. of VIOLET BEAUTY	JW67
RED SMOKE Other Clones	н	therine Wilson x vittata GH LIGHT, LAWRENCE,MY PLEAS RPLE SMOKE (all by GG)	OF CURE,
RED SPOT Other Clone		tachia x amoena v. viridis HTE SPOT	WM

RED SURPRISE

= Bobtail x nutans hybrid - BS
(Leodinensis ? see WAust.Journal 1981)
See also Proceedings , Bromeliad
Conference, Melbourne 1989

Red Surprise x sanderiana

= HAMERSLEY RED

RED VASE

= amoena v. stolonifera x Red Raven WM95

REIDS RUBE

= Kahibah x Rube

CW

REWARD

= leptopoda x Chas Webb

Roward x Catherine Wilson

= OPALESQUE

œ

rosea x meadii

= ?

WM61

See notes under Theodore L. Mead

(rosea x meadii) x pyramidalis v pyramidalis = BIG BOY

ROBERT SAUNDERS

= chlorosticta x Bobtail

WM

CW

Robert Saunders x leptopoda

PINK SURPRISE

ROYAL VASE

This is the name given to a plant incorrectly called GERDA, imported to Australia in the late 1960's.

This plant is an erect tube with affinities to B. vittata. Check BSI Bulletin, 1962 for the correct GERDA 1

RUBE

see YAYEE

RUBE WYNN

= Kahibah x amoena v. rubra

rubro - cyanea

= saundersii - refer BSI Bulletin Vol 1, 1951, p.7. Orginated at nursery of Richard Atkinson, Calif. and is in Australia. The plant in Australia seems to have B, nutans in its parentage and equates with B. Hoelsheriana (See Bromletter Nov/Dec 1972)

RUBY FLUSH

parentage unknown

sanderiana x amoena ted

= MULBERRY PIE

sanderiana x amoena v. viridis = ELAM

sanderiana x (amoena

= AUDREY

rubra x amoena v. viridis)

sanderiana x Leodiensis

= SPRINGTIME

sanderiana x vittata

PENUMBRA

BILLBE	RGIA	L
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sanderiana x (vittata x amoena) = VISTA

SANTA BARBARA = U.S. Origin ? distachia ? nutans hybrid.

variegated

Santa Barbara F2 PINK CANDY

SEASPRAY sec TITAN

SHOCKING PINK = Bobtail x Gem Œ Other Clone GRAYLING

SHOWTIME see DECOR

SILVER LIGHT parentage unknown

SILVER SHEEN Gerda x virtata DB

SLEEPING BEAUTY pyramidalis v. striata x VP87 Hoelscheriana

SPOTTED WREN = amoena v. viridis x Bobtail JW67

Other Clone My Choice (GG)

SPRINGTIME = sanderiana x Leodiensis BS Other Clone

= BERNARD STONOR (blue petals)

STARLIGHT unknown origin

STORM = leptopoda x vittata OF68

Storm x Catherine Wilson = ALL SEASONS

STORM x ? = TITAN

STRANGE MAGIC = amoena hybrid x zebrina VP88 Other Clone XMAS CHEER

STRAWBERRY ICE = Super Grace x sanderlana VP87

STRAWBERRY SLING see CHERRY FIZZ

SUMMER STORM = Catherine Wilson F2 VP87

SUPER GRACE see DOREEN JOHNSTON

Super Grace x sanderlana STRAWBERRY ICE

Super Grace x (vittata = FLAMINGO

x amoena)

SWEET BYE = Gerda x amoena v. viridis Œ

SWEET SIXTEEN = nutans c.v. gigans x JM83 pyramidilis v. pyramidilis

THEODORE L. MEAD = nutans x speciosa

A U.S. hybrid, has been called Meadii

GG89

See Bromeletter, July 1994

THINK PINK = White Spot x ? Other Clone

LEADING LADY

now PRIA TIGER RED

TITAN = STORM x ? VP86

SEASPRAY, WINDJAMMER Other Clones

WM TOUCH OF GREY = vittata x vittata minor

TROJAN TIGER = Pria x horrida v. tigrina JM

see REDCOAT TUXEDO

velascana See brasiliensis

VIOLET BEAUTY speciosa x euphemiae.

> by Giridlian 'speciosa' was used at least 5 times in the past for different plants and one did become a B. pyramidalis. Is this the answer to the following: The striated form still has violet flowers and should not

be confused with B. pyramidalis v. pyramidalis striata which has red flowers

blue edged.

RED RAVEN Other Clone

VISTA = sanderiana x (vinata x amoena) VP88

origin unknown? links with vittata x amoena

CHAS WEBB

Misty Pink vittata x amocna

(vittata x amoena) x sanderiana = DECOR

= GLOBRITE vittata x Carmine Glow

 MAGIC GRACE vittata x elegans

 CHAS WEBB vittata x pyramidalis

= CHOC CHILL vittata x Windii .

 BILLS GIANT vittata x zebrina

vittata minor Name originating in Qld for a

small tubular plant

WANITA = Bobtail x Chas Webb Œ

WHITE SPOT

= c.v. of RED SPOT

White Spot x ?

THINK PINK

Windii

= nutans x decora Probably not in Australia Not to be confused with Theodore L. Mead

Windii x leptopoda

= CURLEW

Windigig x speciosa

= (Note: Surely Windigig = Windii and speciosa = either amoena v. amoena or amoena v. minor or buchholtzii)

See early editions of Bromletter in 1960's

WINDJAMMER

= TITAN

XMAS CHEER .

see STRANGE MAGIC

YAYEE

= Catherine Wilson x Bobtail

Œ

Other Clones

CLYDE WASLEY (wide leaves plum colour both sides, purple glow on edge of leaf), JOSIE TONKIN (OF) (tubular plant, dark rich red with large splashes of a mixture of white, green and pink. OH JOY, RAINBOW (OF), RUBE. (Similar but smaller than Clyde Walsey)

Yayee x Clyde Wasley

= IILL

Yayee x Fantasia

= CHERRY FIZZ

zebrina x amoena viridis

= FULL OF LIFE

X BILLMEA

MODENA

= Bilibergia distachla 'striata' x Aechmea recurvata v.recurvata

VP85

RED OCTOBER

= B. Purple Smoke x Aechmea recurvata v. recurvata VP

CRYPTANTHUS

AFTER DARK

= Black Joe x Michelle

GG88

AFTER DUSK

see SILVER SIREN

	C	P	V	D'	FA	N	T	HI	11	ς
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ALL THE BEST Other Clones = Cherry Frost x ? AYERS ROCK, BLACK FOREST, DARKLING, HERE ABIDE, HOLY SMOKE, STAR TURN, SWEETIE

AMBER ROSE

= Windsong x ?

AMIGO

see SUMMER WINE

APPLE GREEN

see MAGGIE

ARAUTIAC

USA Import

Arautiac x fosterlanus

DARK LIGHT

Arautiac x Fosters Zone

MAGGIE

Arautiac x Madame Ganna Walska = ROSE SILVER KAY

Arautiac x Racinae

= BLACK MAGIC

Arautiac x zebrinus

= DUSK

AUSTRALIAN SUNRISE

= sinuosus ev. Impostor x fosterianus TWIRL

GG88

Other Clone

4810.04000000

AUTUMN KAY

= Lubbersianus x Frosty

NK

Œ

Other Clones

LUBBERFROST KAY

AUTUMN MIST

see BIG DEAL

AUTUMN TONES

see ROSY KAY

AYERS ROCK

see ALL THE BEST

BIG BROWN

see SOUTHERN STAR

BIG DEAL Other Clones Glad x Cherry Frost AUTUMN MIST, BIG N BOLD, BRIGHT HEART, CHARISMA

CHERRY SNOW(1980), CLAWS, DANCE OF FLAME, DUSKY ROSE, GLAD TIDINGS,

HAL ELLIS(1980)., MOONDUST, PINK FROST, PLUM MIST, ROSE MIST, ROSE OF SHARON, SOFT TOUCH, SMOKE HAZE,

SPRING SONG,

BIG N BOLD

see BIG DEAL

BITS OF FLUFF

see BLACK POWER

BITS OF SILVER

scc MELANIE

bivittatus v. major x Billbergia pyramidalis

v. concolor

= X Cryptbergia TOPAZ

BIZARRE

see SUMMER WINE

BLACK DEVIL.

see MERCURY

BLACK FOREST

see ALL THE BEST

BLACK JOE (SYN JOE) Other Clones = "zebrinus" x fosterianus

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JEDDA, PRIDE of PLACE

Black Joe x It

= HEART WARMER

Black Joe x Lake Superior

= BLACK POWER

Black Joe x Mars

= FIREWORKS

Black Joe x Michelle

= AFTER DARK

BLACK MAGIC Other Clones

= Arautiac x Racinac RED MAGIC, ROSELINE, SILVER DELIGHT, SILVER LINING, SILVER ON BURGUNDY,SILVER ON ROSE, SO MUCH, SUPERB

G

BLACK MAMBA Other Clones = Snakeskin x Black Mystic COBRA, RATTLER

VP88

BLACK MOOD

= Cloudcover x It

GG88

BLACK MYSTIC

Singapore Import

Black Mystic x Mars

= STARRY NIGHT

BLACK POWER Other Clone = Black Joe x Lake Superior BITS OF FLUFF

GG88

BLACK TIGER Other Clones

 Osyanus x Madame Ganna Walska CARMEN, FRIVOLOUS, HEART THROB, PERHAPS.

DARK STRANGER

BLUSH KAY

see MIDNIGHT KAY

BOBS LOVE

= Cherry Sundae x Mars

GG88

BONANZA

see SUMMER WINE

BRAVO

see RED EDGE

CRYPTANTHUS BRIGHT HEART	see BIG DEAL
BROKEN SURF	see SUPER STAR
BRONZE BEAUTY KAY	see RIPPLE HAZE KAY
BURGUNDY BEAUTY KAY	SEC MIDNIGHT KAY
BURGUNDY FLECK KAY	see CANDY ZONE KAY
BURGUNDY GLOW KAY	see MIDNIGHT KAY
BURGUNDY RIPPLE KAY	see MIDNIGHT KAY
CABOOSE	= Cheers x lt GG88
Caboose x Goldie Langdon	= CRAZY MOON
Cafe au Lait x Luddemannii	= COFFEE ROYAL
Cafe au Lait x Osyanus	= ROSEY MORN
CANDY BEAUTY KAY	see RIPPLE HAZE KAY
CANDY KAY	Parentage unknown NK
Candy Kay x Fosters Zone	= CANDY ZÔNE KAY
Candy Kay x fosterianus	= RIPPLE HAZE KAY
Candy Kay x White Lace	= STARDUST
Candy Kay x zebrinus	= CANDY ZEBRA KAY
Candy Kay x zonatus	= GREEN EDGE KAY
CANDY ZEBRA KAY Other Clones	= CANDY KAY x zebrinus NK GOLD DUST KAY, SUE KAY
CANDY ZONE KAY Other Clone	= Candy Kay x Fosters Zone NK BURGUNDY FLECK KAY
CARMEN	see BLACK TIGER
CARNIVAL	= unknown hybrid from USA
CASCADE	U.S.A. Import - two forms in Australia - supposed to be the species ' pseudoscaposus' but now identified as a form of 'sinuosus' See also Bromeletter, Jan & Mar 1981

CASCADE x MADAME GANNA WALSKA = FLORENCE WASLEY

CRYPTANTHUS CHARISMA	see BIG DEAL	
CHEERFUL	see FIRST SNOWFALL	
CHEERS	see SPIC N SPAN	
Cheers x lt	= CABOOSE	
CHERRY	see SUMMER WINE	
CHERRY FROST	unknown bybrid, U.S.A.	
Cherry Frost x ?	= ALL THE BEST	
Cherry Frost x zonatus f. zonatus	= SHIMMER	
CHERRY GRAND KAY Other Clones	= Rhonda Kay x zebrinus LIGHT CHERRY KAY, FUDGE FLECK KAY, RHOZEB KAY, MICKEL KAY	NK
Reverse Cross	OCEAN WAVES KAY, SUPER GLOW KAY	
CHERRY SNOW	see BIG DEAL	
CHERRY SUNDAE	unknown Hummel hybrid	
Cherry Sundae x Mars	= BOBSLOVE	
CLAWS	see BIG DEAL	
CLOUDCOVER	see SEVEN VEILS	
Cloud Cover x It	= BLACK MOOD	
Cloud Cover x ?	= METEOR	
COBRA	see BLACK MAMBA	
COFFEE ROYAL	= Cafe au Lait x Luddemann	ii CC
COLOR MAGIC	= Red Magic x Mars	GG88
coor.	see SHIMMER	
CORAL BATES	see ROSY KAY	28
CRAZY MOON	= Caboose x Goldie Langdon	GG89
CROWN JEWELS	see FOND MEMORY	
	72 53 16	

= Fudge Fleck Kay x ?

VP88

CUSTOM MADE

CRYPTANTHUS
DANCE OF FLAME

see BIG DEAL

DARK BEAUTY SEC SUMMER WINE

Dark Beauty x fosterianus = REVERIE

DARK FIRE see SCOTCH MIST

DARK FROST KAY = Frosty x Cherry Sundae NK

DARK LIGHT Arautine x fosterianus Œ

DARK STAR Madame Ganna Walska x Œ fosterianus

Other Clones MADGAN, MADNESS, STARFISH, ZODIAC

DARK STRANGER SOO BLACK TIGER

DARKLING SCC ALL THE BEST

DEEP PURPLE = At least 2 USA hybrids by this name - unknown

parentage

Deep Purple x Eureka = MERCURY

dianae x Sp. Espirito Santo = RUBY RYDE

DOREAN parentage unknown NK

DREAMTIME SCC MISTY CHARM

DUSK = Arautiac x zebrinus Œ

Dusk x Mars = SILVER SIREN

DUSKY see SILVER SIREN

DUSKY ROSE see BIG DEAL

DUSTY KAY see MOONLIGHT

E Originated from Wal Charley

in Bilpin N.S.W. EARTH BOUND see METEOR

EBB TIDE see MOONLIGHT

EMERALD ISLE KAY SEE GREY FLECK KAY

EMERALD RIPPLE KAY = Lubbersianus x Fosters Zone NK

EUREKA sec SEVEN VEILS

CRYPTANTHUS					
Eureka x Carnival	1 =	SILENT WORLD			
Eureka x Springsong	: <u></u>	LIVE MUSIC	9		
EVELYN		see ROSY KAY			
EVENING SHADES		see MAGGIE			
EVENTIDE	=	zonatus f. zonatus x Fosiers Zone	œ		
FALLEN STAR		see MISTY CHARM			
FAVOURITE	=	Glad x Madame Ganna	œ		
Other Clones		Walska FOREVER AMBER, GLADLY, GLORY BE,LONE STAR,MON STAR, PINK MIST, RED SATIN, SHADES OF ROSE,SILVER STAR.			
FINE FETTLE		see SMOKE SIGNALS			
FIREGLOW		see SUPER STAR			
FIREWORKS Other Clone	=	Black Joe x Mars GLOWING EMBERS	GG88		
FIRST SNOWFALL Other Clones	=	= fosterianus x It CHEERFUL (MP82), SHOCK WAVE, WILD HONEY			
FLECK		see SUMMER WINE			
Fleck x It	. =	OLHETTO			
FLORENCE Other Clones		Racinae x Luddemannil RUBE, YAY, JEANIE	FW		
FLORENCE WASLEY	=	= Cascade x Madame Ganna Walska			
FOND MEMORY Other Clones		Lake Superior x Eureka CROWN JEWELS, HAPPY THOUGHTS, LOOK HERE, SHOW ME, STAR GAZER, TEXAS STAR	GG88		
FOREVER AMBER		see FAVOURITE			
fosterianus x It	,=	FIRST SNOWFALL			
FOSTERS ZONE	=	zonatus f. zonatus x fosterianus	0 0		
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Fosters Zone x fosterianus

Fosters Zone x Racinae

Fosters Zone x Rhonda Kay

FRIVOLOUS

Frosted Beauty

FROSTIE KAY

Frosty x Cherry Sundac

FUDGE FLECK KAY

Fudge Fleck Kay x ?

FUDGE RIPPLE

GARDEN PATH
Other clone

GAY AFFAIR

GLAD

Glad x Cherry Frost

Glad x fosterianus

Glad x Madame Ganna

Glad x lt

Glad x zonatus f.zonatus

GLAD TIDINGS

GLADLY

GLADYS KAY

GLORY BE

GLORY KAY

GLOWING EMBERS

GOLD DUST KAY

GOLDIE LANGDON

GREEN EDGE KAY

MOONLIGHT

= PETER KAY

= GREY FLECK KAY

SEE BLACK TIGER

see MAROOCHY

see RIPPLE HAZE KAY

DARK FROST KAY

see CHERRY GRAND KAY

CUSTOMMADE

USA Import - Hummel hybrid

= Shimmer x Mars

JET STREAM

see RED EDGE

Named in Australia for an unknown Mulford Foster hybrid

see BIG DEAL

OVER THE MOON

= FAVOURITE

MISTY CHARM

= GREEN STAR

see BIG DEAL

SCE FAVOURITE

see MIDNIGHT KAY

SEE FAVOURITE

see MOONLIGHT

see FIREWORKS

see CANDY ZEBRA KAY

= unknown. Refer NC

= Candy Kay x zonatus

NK

GG88

CR	Y	P	T	A	N	T	H	U	S
CPE	F	N.	E	EI	n	C			

GREEN FIELDS

SEE SPIC N SPAN

GREEN ICE

Parentage unknown Supposed M. Foster hybrid

Green lee x fosterianus

= PEPPERED BRONZE

GREEN MONARCH

see SUPER STAR

GREEN STAR Other Clones

= Glad x zonatus f. zonatus SHADES OF GREEN, SNOW GOOSE. Œ

Green Star x fosterianus

= SEVEN VEILS

GREY FLECK KAY Other Clones

Fosters Zone x Rhonda Kay SNOW QUEEN KAY, EMERALD ISLE KAY

NK

GREY GLOW KAY

see RIPPLE HAZE KAY

GREY HAZE

see MAGGIE

GREY HAZE KAY

see RIPPLE HAZE KAY

GREYLING

see SCOTCH MIST

HAL ELLIS

see BIG DEAL

HALF MOON

= Rhonda Kay x ?

GG88

HAPPY THOUGHTS

SEE FOND MEMORY

SEE BLACK TIGER

HEART THROB

HEART WARMER

= Black Joe x II

GG88

HELLO DOLLY

see RED EDGE

HELLS BELLS

see SUPER STAR

HERE ABIDE

see ALL THE BEST

HIDDEN FIRE

parentage unknown

Œ

HOLY SMOKE

see ALL THE BEST

HURRICANE

see SCOTCH MIST

HUSH

see SCOTCH MIST

INDIAN MAIDEN

= Mars x fosterianus

GG88

IT

A sport of an unknown plant, purchased from M. Foster, which occurred in the collection of Bob Wilson in Miami

li x XCrypibergia rubra

= XCRYPTBERGIA GOODALE

JEAN NICOL

Variegated form of GLAD. Originated

in collection of Jean Nicol in Victoria

JEANIE

see FLORENCE

JEANIE KAY

see MIDNIGHT KAY

JEDDA

see BLACK JOE

JETSTREAM

see GARDEN PATH

JOAN

see ROSY KAY

KOE

see BLACK JOE

LACERDAE SILVER SHEEN

Origin unknown

LAKE SUPERIOR

unknown hybrid from USA

SEC CHERRY GRAND KAY

Lake Superior x Eurcka

POND MEMORY

LETTUCE GREEN

see MAGGIE

LIGHT CHERRY KAY

LIMELIGHT

SCC SUPER STAR

LIME N TAN

SEE SCOTCH MIST

LITTLE STAR

see SUMMER WINE

LIVE MUSIC

Eureke x Springsong

GG88

LONE STAR

see FAVOURITE

LOOK HERE

see FOND MEMORY

LUBBERSIANUS

Morren hybrid - appears also to be called LUBBERSII and

LUBBERSIANI, etc

Lubbersianus x Fosters Zone

EMERALD RIPPLE KAY

Lubbersianus

Frosty

AUTUMN KAY

Lubbersianus x racinae

= TARTAN

Lubbersianus

x' Smokey

SNOWFLAKES KAY

LUBBERFROST KAY

see AUTUMN KAY

LUCKY STREAK

see MISTY CHARM

luddemannii

synonymous with marginatus Australian plant with this could be wrongly named. Also known as luddemannianus

luddemannii x fosterianus

SCOTCH MIST

LYRIC

see MELANIE

MABS =

= Ripple Fudge x Osyanus

OF82

Madame Ganna Walska x fosterianus

= DARK STAR

Madame Ganna Walska x zonatus f. zonatus

SUPER STAR

MADGAN

see DARK STAR

MADNESS

see DARK STAR

MAGGIE Other Clones = Arautiac x Foster's zone APPLE GREEN, EVENING SHADES

GREY HAZE, LETTUCE GREEN,

MAJESTIC

see SUMMER WINE

Majestic x fosterianus

= MELANIE

MARGARET

see ROSY KAY

MARGIE LEE

USA Import - sport of CASCADE

Syn. RAMSHORN

MARIMIST KAY

· = maritimus x Misty

NK

Œ

MARS

= lacerdae x bivittatus US hybrid by Foster

Mars x fosterianus

INDIAN MAIDEN

maritimus x Misty

= MARIMIST KAY

MAROOCHY Other Clones

= Sonata x fosterianus FROSTED BEAUTY, RED FROST

GG88

MELANIE

Other Clones

= Majestic x fosterianus BITS OF SILVER, LYRIC, MUSIC. SPELLBOUND, SYMPHONY

Œ.

MERCURY Other Clone

Deep Purple x Eureka BLACK DEVIL

GG88

METFOR

= Cloud Cover x ? EARTHBOUND

GG88

Other Clone

MICHELLE

parentage unknown - from USA

MICKEL KAY

see CHERRY GRAND KAY

MIDNIGHT KAY Other Clones

= Rhonda Kay x fosterlanus
SILVER DUST KAY, BURGUNDY
RIPPLE KAY, BURGUNDY BEAUTY
KAY, BURGUNDY GLOW KAY, GLADYS KAY,
BLUSH KAY, JEANIE KAY,
PERFECTION KAY, RIPPLE WINE KAY.

MISTIC GEM KAY

see MOONLIGHT

MISTY

parentage unknown

Misty x zebrinus

= MYSTERY KAY

Other Clones

= Glad x It DREAMTIME, FALLEN STAR (GG88). LUCKY STREAK, MISTY DAWN, MISTY FLAME, MISTY GLOW, MISTY GREEN, TREASURE.

MISTY DAWN

see MISTY CHARM

MISTY FLAME

see MISTY CHARM

MISTY GLOW

see MISTY CHARM

MISTY GREEN

SCC MISTY CHARM

MON STAR

see FAVOURITE

MOONBEAM

see MOONLIGHT

Moonbeam x Cloud Cover

TREND SETTER

Moonbeam x ?

SMOKE SIGNALS

MOONDUST

see BIG DEAL

MOONLIGHT Other Clones

Fosiers Zone x fosterianus DUSTY KAY (NK), EBB TIDE, GLORY KAY (NK), MISTIC GEM KAY (NK), MOONBEAM, RAGE (GG88), SILVER WAVES KAY (NK), SOFT SHADES.

MUSIC

sce MELANIE

MYEE =

pickelii x li

OF82

Œ

Œ

MYSTERY KAY

= Misty x zebrinus

NK

NIRVANA

= Reverie x Mars

GG88

•	D	v	DI	r A	N	ГИ	US
L	п						

NORMA

see ROSY KAY

OCEAN WAVES KAY

SEC CHERRY GRAND KAY

Osvanus x fosterianus

ROSY KAY

Osyanus x Madame Ganna Walska BLACK TIGER

OTHELLO

= Fleck a lt

GG88

OVER THE MOON

= Glad x fosterianus

GG89

PASS THE WINE

= 'zebrinus' x Mars

Œ

PAT

see ROSY KAY

PEPPERED BRONZE

= Green Ice x fosterianus

Œ

PERFECTION KAY

see MIDNIGHT KAY

PERHAPS

see BLACK TIGER

PETER KAY

= Fosters Zone x Racinae

NK

pickelii x li

MYEE

PINK FROST

see BIG DEAL

PINK MIST

see FAVOURITE

PINK PANTS

see SILVER SONG

PINK TO GREEN

see RED EDGE

PLEASURE

see SUMMER WINE

PLUM MIST

see BIG DEAL

PRIDE OF PLACE

see BLACK JOE

PURPLE HEART

parentage unknown OG

Racinae x Luddemannii

= FLORENCE

RAGE

SCC MOONLIGHT

RAMSHORN

see MARGIE LEE

RATTLER

see BLACK MAMBA

RED BEAUTY

see MAROOCHY

RED EDGE

Other Clones

= undulata x Madame Ganna Walska CG BRAVO, GAY AFFAIR, HELLO DOLLY, PINK TO GREEN, SHINING RED

RED FROST

see MAROOCHY

RED MAGIC

see BLACK MAGIC

Red Magic x Mars

COLOR MAGIC

RED SATIN

see FAVOURITE

REVERIE

Dark Beauty x fosterianus

œ

Reverie x Mars

NIRVANA

RHONDA KAY

parentage unknown

NK

Rhonda Kay x fosterianus

MIDNIGHT KAY

Rhonda Kay x rebrinus

CHERRY GRAND KAY

Rhonda Kay x ?

HALF MOON

RHOZEB KAY

see CHERRY GRAND KAY

RIPPLE FUDGE

of doubtful origin - was apparently called CHOCO in NSW

Ripple Fudge x ?

= SOBETT

Ripple Fudge x Cherry Sundac = RIPPLE SUNDAE KAY

Ripple Fudge x Osyanus

= MABS

RIPPLE HAZE KAY Other Clones

= Candy Kay x fosterianus NK FROSTIE KAY, GREY HAZE KAY, BRONZE BEAUTY KAY, SMOKIE KAY, GREY GLOW KAY, CANDY BEAUTY KAY

RIPPLE SUNDAE KAY

RIPPLE WINE KAY

see MIDNIGHT KAY

= Ripple Fudge x Cherry Sundae

ROSELINE

see BLACK MAGIC

ROSE MIST

see BIG DEAL

ROSE OF SHARON

see BIG DEAL

ROSE SILVER KAY

= Arautiac x Madame Ganna Walska

NK

NK

ROSEY MORN

= Cafe au Lait x Osyanus

Œ

ROSY KAY

Other Clones

Osyanus x fosterianus

NK

ROSY MOTTLE KAY

MP produced the following in

1984: AUTUMN TONES, CORAL BATES, JOAN, MARGARET, NORMA, EVELYN, PAT

CRYPTANTHUS ROSY MOTTLE KAY	see ROSY KAY	
RUBE	see FLORENCE	
RUBY	USA import	
RUBY ROSE	= Snowrose x It	œ
RUBY RYDE	= dlanae x Sp. Espirito Santo	RR
SALOME	see SUPER STAR	
SCOTCH MIST Other Clones	= luddermannii x fosteriana GREYLING, DARK FIRE (1980) LIME N TAN, HUSH, HURRICANE	0 G
SEA SONG	see SILVER SONG	
SEVEN VEILS Other Clones	= Green Star x fosterianus STAINED GLASS, CLOUD COVER, EUREKA	œ
SHADES OF GREEN	see GREEN STAR	
SHADES OF LILAC	see SUPER STAR	
SHADES OF ROSE	see FAVOURITE	
SHIMMER Other Clones	= Cherry Frost x zonatus f. zonatus COOL, SILVER BAR	Œ
Shimmer x Mars	= GARDEN PATH	
SHINING LIGHT	= Shining Red x Reverie	GG88
SHINING RED	see RED EDGE	
Shining Red x Reverie	= SHINING LIGHT	
SHOCK WAVE	see FIRST SNOWFALL	
SHOW ME	see FOND MEMORY	
SILENT WORLD	= Eureka x Carnival	GG88
SILVER BAR	see SHIMMER	
SILVER DELIGHT	see BLACK MAGIC	
SILVER DUST KAY	see MIDNIGHT KAY	
SILVER LANGDON	unknown. refer NC	
SILVER LINING	SEE BLACK MAGIC	

CRYPTANTHUS SILVER ON BURGUNDY		see BLACK MAGIC	
SILVER ON ROSE		see BLACK MAGIC	
			CC000
Other Clone	=	Dusk x Mars AFTER DUSK, DUSKY	GG88
SILVER SMOKE KAY	82	see SNOWFLAKES KAY	
SILVER SONG Other Clones	=	Windsong x fosterianus SEA SONG, SING SONG, PINK PANTS	Œ
SILVER STAR		SCC FAVOURITE	
SILVER TOUCH		SEE SPIC N SPAN	
SILVER WAVES KAY		see MOONLIGHT	
SING SONG		see SILVER SONG	
sinuosus c.v. Imposter x fosterianus		AUSTRALIAN SUNRISE	
SMOKE HAZE		see BIG DEAL	
SMOKE SIGNALS Other Clone		Moonbeam x ? FINE FETTLE	GG88
SMOKEY		see SUMMER WINE	
SMOKEY KAY		see RIPPLE HAZE KAY	
SNAKESKIN		see SUMMER WINE	
Snakeskin x Black Mystic	=	BLACK MAMBA	
SNOW ROSE		Hummel Hybrid	
SNOW GOOSE		see GREEN STAR	
SNOW QUEEN KAY		see GREY FLECK KAY	
SNOWFLAKE		see SUPER STAR	
SNOWFLAKES KAY Other Clone	e ∓ .	Lubbersianus x Smokey SILVER SMOKE KAY	NK
SO BE IT	=	Ripple Fudge x ?	œ
SOFT MUSIC	33	see SUPER STAR	-
SOFT SHADES		. see MOONLIGHT	
SOFT SHADOWS		see SOUTHERN STAR	

see BIG DEAL

SOFT TOUCH

	33	
CRYPTANTHUS SO MUCH	see BLACK MAGIC	
SONATA	unknown parents	oc ,
Sonata x fosterianus	= MAROOCHY	
SOUTHERN STAR Other Clones	= undulata x fosterian. BIG BROWN, SOFT SHAD	
Southern Star x Cloudcov	er = VENUS	
SPELLBOUND	see MELANIE	
SPIC N SPAN Other Clones	 zonatus f. zonatus x ; WHITE LACE, CHEERS, C FIELDS, SILVER TOUCH 	REEN
SPRING SONG	see BIG DEAL	
STAINED GLASS	see SEVEN VEILS	
STAR SHINE	= 'zebrinus ' x Michelle	GG89
STAR TURN	see ALL THE BEST	
STARFISH	see DARK STAR	
STARDUST	= Candy Kay x White L	ace MP85
STARGAZER	see FOND MEMORY	
STARRY NIGHT	= Black Mystic x Mars	GG88
STARWINE	sce SUPER STAR	
SUE KAY	see CANDY ZEBRA KAY	
SUMMER WINE Other Clones	= zebrinus x ? AMIGO,BONANZA, BIZA CHERRY, DARK BEAUTY LITTLE STAR,MAJESTIC SNAKESKIN, SMOKEY,V	/, FLECK, , PLEASURE,
SUPERB	see BLACK MAGIC	-
SUPERGLOW KAY	see CHERRY GRAND KA	AY .
SUPER STAR	= Madame Ganna Walska	x GG
Other Clones	zonatus f. zonatus STARWINE,SURF RIDER SUPREME, SWEET DREA	
Reverse Cross	SOFT MUSIC, SNOWFLAN SHADES OF LILAC, SALO BROKEN SURF, FIRE GLO MONARCH, LIMELIGHT,	ME, OW,GREEN
2-2	₹vi	

SUPREME

see SUPER STAR

SURF RIDER

see SUPER STAR

SWEET DREAMS

see SUPER STAR

SWEETIE

see ALL THE BEST

SYMPHONY

see MELANIE

TARTAN

= Lubbersianus x racinae

MP82

TEXAS STAR

see FOND MEMORY

TREASURE

see MISTY CHARM

TREND SETTER

= Moonbeam x Cloud Cover

GG88

TWIRL

SEC AUSTRALIAN SUNRISE

undulata

now SINHOSHS

undulata x fosterianus

= SOUTHERN STAR

undutata x Madame Ganna Walska

= RED EDGE

VENUS

= Southern Star x Cloudcover

GG88

WATERFALL

see SPIC N SPAN

WHIRLPOOL

see SUMMER WINE

WHITE LACE

see SPIC N SPAN

WILD HONEY

see FIRST SNOWFALL

Windsong x ?

= AMBER ROSE

Windsong x fosterianus

= SILVER SONG

YAY

see FLORENCE

zebrinus x ?

= SUMMER WINE

zebrinus x fosterianus

= BLACK JOE

zebrinus x Michelle

STAR SHINE

zonatus f. zonatus x fosterianus = FOSTERS ZONE

zonatus f. zonatus x Fosters Zone = EVENTIDE

zonatus f. zonatus x undulata = SPIC N SPAN

ZODIAC

see DARK STAR

X CRYPTBERGIA GOODALE	Cauntauthus II v VCumshausia	0026
OCCUPALE	= Cryptanthus IT x XCryptbergia rubra	OG76
HOMBRE	= Cryptanthus beuckeri x B. vittata	VP88
RUBRA	Now RED BURST Smith and Read 1975 See also Bromeletter, Sep 1988	
TIGER EYE	= Bill. Strawberry Ice x Crypt. marginatus	VP91
TOPAZ	= Cryptanthus bivattatus v.major x Billbergia pyramidalis v. conco	VP88
DYCKIA		
KEITH RYDE	= choristaminea x fosteriana H hybrid (wine leaf)	RR 87
SUNTAN	= Large Red x remotiflora	OF82
XNEOBERGIA		
NODDY	= Billbergia nutans x Neoregelia carolinae	WM
XNEOISTRUM		
MIDHURST	= Canistrum glganteum x Neoregelia carolinae tricolor	MK
XNEOLARIUM		
BEAUTIFUL	Origin unknown	
FANFARE	. = N. burchellii X N. Takemura princeps	VP84
GOLDEN VULKAN	see SOMETHING SPECIAL	
GOLIATH	Neoregelia concentrica x Nidularium innocentii v. wittmackianum	GG
JOKER	 Neo. carolinae x Nid.procerum Variegated plant from Verna Hudso Caims,Qld. 	n,
MARCO POLO	 Neoregelia Marcon x Nidularium procerum v. kermesianum 	JM
NORM KRETSCHMANN	= Neoregelia concentrica x XNeolarium Beautiful	NK
ORACLE . Other Clone	 Neo Montevideo x Nid. regelioides PROPHET 	VP87

Parents unknown	NC
= parents unknown (variega	ted) fr.NC
see ORACLE	
= Nidularium procerum v. kermesianum x Neoregelia carolinae c.v. Lipstick	JM83
= Neoregelia Vulkan x Nidularium fulgens Copper coloured with dark spots. Inflorescence pinky mauve like Father.	
THOR, GOLDEN VULKAN, SOL	THERN CROSS
see SOMETHING SPECIAL	
= Neoregelia concentrica x Nidularium species	OG
Whilst treated in the SOMET SPECIAL grex because it can from the same berry it has the attributes of, and should considered a Neoregelia!! Father unknown	me ali
 Nidularium Francois Spae Neoregelia Beefsteak 	, 0G
= parentage unknown?	WR
= Neoregelia ampullacea x Aechmea nudicaulis	GP/NP 86
= Ac. recurvata x Neo. johann	is rubra
parents unknown	œ
20	
Neoregelia tigrina x Orthophytum rubrum (Neo probably ampullacea) Whilst YUM YUM is differed to its mother there are stressessions that an orthoph was not the father. It is stress	nt ong sytum ictly
	see ORACLE = Nidularium procerum v. kermesianum x Neoregelia carolinae c.v. Lipstick = Neoregelia Vulkan x Nidularium fulgens Copper coloured with dark spots. Inflorescence pinky mauve like Father. THOR, GOLDEN VULKAN, SOU see SOMETHING SPECIAL = Neoregelia concentrica x Nidularium species Whilst treated in the SOMET SPECIAL grex because it carfrom the same berry it has the attributes of, and should considered a Neoregelia!! Father unknown = Nidularium Francois Spae in Neoregelia Beefsteak = parentage unknown? = Neoregelia ampullacea x Aechmea nudicaulis = Actrecurvata x Neo. johann parents unknown = Neoregelia tigrina x Orthophytum rubrum (Neo probably ampullacea) Whilst YUM YUM is different its mother there are strosuspicions that an orthophytic suspicions suspicion

NEOREGELIA

abendrothae x pauciflora

= PURPLE PRINCESS

ABLAZE

see BLAZING FOREST

acanthocrater x proserpine

see BOBBY DAZZLER

ADDA

= carolinae c.y. Adda A distinct variegated form

AFTERNOON DELIGHT

= paucifiora red x ampullacea

MPB8

albiflora

tigrina Note comments in BSI Journal 1983, page 192. &BSI Bulletin 1970, page 128 and under MARNIER LAPOSTOLLE,

ALVIN PURPLE

Origin unknown
 Seems to be a dark form of N. concentrica

Alvin Purple x Black Forest

= FOREST FIRE

Alvin Purple x princeps

= INDIGO

AMABILIS

Marechallii x prosepine
 A Duthric hybrid 1939

AMABILIS F2

= DRESS CIRCLE

AMAZING GRACE

sec SHEER JOY

Amazing Grace x ?

GRACE DARLING

AMETHYST

see REWARD

AMPHORA SPOTS

= marmorata x zebrina A hybrid of unknown origin. zebrina is a suspect name. Same plant also known as pauciflora x zebrina.

ampullacea

See Bromeletter, Mar. 1992

ampullacea x bahiana

= 'NUTMEG

ampullacea x Bright Spot

BEST OF BOTH

ampullacea x carolinae

= PETITE

ampullacea x chlorosticta

= JODIE

ampullacea x concentrica

= CAPRICORN

Note: A reverse cross was done in Australia by P. Paroz in 1969 but remained unnamed until 1980 when the Americans got into the act! Is it different? NEOREGELIA

ampullacea x cyanea

GOLDEN GRACE

ampullacea

hybrid

= NUGGET

ampullacea x

Lacquered Red

= FIREWITCH

ampullacea x tigrina

TIGER CUB

ampullacea x Aechmea

nudicaulis

= XNEOMEA HOTCH POTCH

ampullacea x spectabilis

SPECKLED BOAB

ampullacea v. tigrina x ampullacea v. purpurea BLACK BEAUTY

ANGELITA

see BREAK OF DAY

ANN ANDERSON

= Morris Henry Hobbs x

GA/GG

Fairy Paint

Other Clone

SUNDAY BEST

ANNA

provisional name with number

NC

given to Skotak hybrids

APPEAL

see FURY

APRIL SUE

(marmorata x spectabilis) x ?

VP84

AUSSIE DREAM

meyendorfii v. variegata x olens "vulcan;

RL

PROVISIONAL Other Clones

BIG PINKIE, CHRISTMAS CHEER, CLASSIC, DOWNUNDER GEM, DREAM GIRL, DREAMTIME, GLORIOUS, GYMPIE (was MISSY 2),LARNACHS PRIDE,LITTLE LADY, LITTLE OL, LOVELY LADY, LUCKY SEVEN,

MIDNIGHT EXPRESS, OH, PINK DELIGHT, QUEENSLAND, RED GLOW, RED PRIDE,

ROSIE, SHINING EXAMPLE, TARTAN PRINCESS

AUSSIE DREAM F2

= BOBS BABY

AVAGO

sec ERIC TONKIN

AVABALL

Other Clones

= Fireball x Avalon PLAYBALL, ROSEBALL **VP87**

AVALON

hybrid by Richter Parents unknown

BABE

see DUET

BABY DOLL

see FOST-FAR

NEOREGELIA BACHMANNII

origin unknown.

Seems to be the same as the

small form of marmorata x tristis

bahlana

Selby 036187. Refer M. Kellett

BARBARA

U.S. hybrid

seed from US Seed Bank

Father unknown

BARBARIAN

= Beefsteak x carolinae v.durispina CG

Barbarian x

Vibrant

= FOOLS GOLD

BARBIE DOLL

Barbara x unknown clone
 Light green wide leaves with
 red tips, turns red - pink in centre.

Barbie Doll x meyendorfit 'Citation'

= ERIC TONKIN

BEA HANSON

= Dr. Oeser hybrid from New Zealand

BEAUTY

see NOMAD

BEEFSTEAK

= carolinae x chlorosticta hybrid

OF/ Dr O 1965

Other Clones

BETWIX(Alias No. 63) (light red with faintly coloured centre), BLOODSTOCK (Alias No. 66), HAPPY THOUGHTS (,Alias No.47)(green bands between the spots), MAGNA (Alias No.25) (large bronze green with red centre)
SUNRISE (Alias No. 61) (red leaves with

large green spots), SUNSET (Alias No 57) (red leaves with small green spots)

Beefsteak x ?

WILD RUBY

Beefsteak x carolinae

= BARBARIAN

Beefsteak x Claret

= SPOT ON

Beefsteak x macrosepala

SILVER CLOUD

Beefsteak x princeps

= TWILIGHT

BEELZEBUB

see CHARM

Beelzebub x Fireball

= ROUGE

BEHOLD

= concentrica c.v. Margaret

Œ

Nash x Vulcan

BEST BET

= chlorosticta x Red Bird

MP85

NEOREGELIA

BEST OF BOTH

= ampullacea x Bright Spot

MP84

Œ

BETWIX

see BEEFSTEAK

BEVERLY

OTHER CLONES

Vulkan x ampullacea
 BIG AMPS, CLEOPATRA, GOLDIE,
 LITTLE AMPS, NEFERTITI,

LITTLE AMPS, NEFERTITI, PINK PANTS, RING IN, SHEBA

BEWDY

see MIDNIGHT

BEWITCHED

see CLARET

Bewitched x ?

NIGHT OUT

BIG AMPS

see BEVERLY

BIG BROTHER

see SUNTAN

BIG PINKIE

see AUSSIE DREAM

BIG RED

? large carolinae

Big Red x Burbank

= RHUBARB

BIG RED HUNTER

Parents unknown

Bigger and redder than Rosy Morn, it seems endemic to the Hunter region at

the moment

BILLS BEAUTY

Bill Morris received a plant from Frank Young called Ae.luddemanniana hybrid? name ?appears to be a Neoregelia? sp ? hybrid.

Bills Beauty x concentrica

= VIBRANT

Bills Beauty x princeps

= ELEGANCE

BLACK BEAUTY

= ampullacea v. tigrina x ampullacea v. purpurea WM

BLACK FOREST

An Oeser hybrid from the U.S.A.

Black Forest x carolinae

BLAZING FOREST

BLACK KNIGHT

Two plants from U.S.A. One by Carrone (spectabilis x Marcon), Other by the German Dr. Oeser. Neither are black. Oesers seems to be the spottier of the two.

BLACK LOOKS

see VIBRANT

BLACK OLIVE

= concentrica x Fairy Paint

GA/GG

NEOREGELIA

BLACKIE

see SHEER JOY

BLACKJACK

see DARK DELIGHT

BLAZING FOREST

= Black Forest x

VP86

Other Clone

carolinae f. tricolor

ABLAZE

BLEEDING HEART

Other Clone

= Morris Henry Hobbs x ?

GA/GG

GYPSY MOTH

BLISS

see CHARM

BLOOD RED

= Fireball x Strawberry Cup Intermediate size between parents. In bright light, leaves brilliant red

with darker red spots

BLOOD STOCK

see BEEFSTEAK

BLOODY MARY

= carolinae v. roseolineata x

IM83

cruenta

BLUE BLOOD

= Fairy Paint x ?

GA/GG

BLUE LAGOON

see INDIGO

BLUE MADONNA

Small plant with links

NC

to concentrica

BLUE THUNDER

see FANCY DRESS

BLUSH

see CLARET

BLYTHE SPIRIT

see HARMONY

BOB AND GRACE

parents unknown

RL

BOB READS LAD

Plant in Australia as species from Gary Hendrix but it is a hybrid by him using Neo Sp. "Bob Read" and probably carolinae. is a

small spotted plant

BOBBY DAZZLER

supposedly acanthocrater x

GA/GG

proserpine but large and

spotted. Parentage really unknown

See Bromeletter, May 1992

BOBS BABY

Aussie Dream F2

Œ

BOLD BLUSH

see NOMAD

Bold Blush x Little Gem

= ROYAL EMBER

NEOREGELIA			
BONJOUR TRISTESSE		a tristis hybrid. On BSI seed lists 1980 grown by D. Butcher	
BORN OF FIRE Other Clone	=	chlorosticta x cyanea SUGAR AND SPICE (reverse cross)	Œ
BREAK OF DAY Other Clones	=	Maid of Honour F2 ANGELITA, CLOSE OF DAY, GREEN FIRE, HONOUR BRIGHT, ONE AND ONLY, SEEING RED, SMALL WONDER, SMALL WORLD, WILD CARD, WILD FIRE, YOUR HONO	CG DUR
BREAK OF DAY (variegated)	=	GOLDLOTTO Gold with red bands	
BRIC A BRAC	-	Little Beauty x Fireball	œ
BRIGHT EYES		see THELMA	
BRIGHT SPOT Other Clone	Ξ	olens x chlorosticta CG RED FACE	
Bright Spot x Fanfare	=	KRISTINA	
BRILLIANCE	5 7.	carolinae (Hyde's Special) x pineliana	0G
BRILLIANT ORANGE		see NOMAD	
BRONZE AGATE	=	carolinae x pineliana (bronze form)	03
BRONZE BEAUTY	=	carolinae hybrid x chlorosticta	Œ
BRONZE LEAF	Ŧ	A form of N. pineliana imported from Fantastic Gardens, Florida in 1960's, was called N, pineliana MELBA (alias " The Melbourne One")	
BURBANK		From Burbank Nursery, Qld of ? carolinae with bronze striations, seedlings raised by O. Ferris and others.	

= MUCH ADO

Burbank x chlorosticta

NEOREGELIA BURNSIES SPIRAL

7 Sport of carolinae v. tricolor. VARIEGATED. Perpetually growing, rarely producing offsets, and flowering when 50 cm high. A sport of this "sport" has flowered suggesting the above is a Neolarium ? Another claim has it as a straight Neoregelia.

carcharodon

See Bromelener, Sep. 1993

CANDANCE

see SWEET NELLIE

CANDLE LIGHT Other Clone = Candy Stripe x ? SWEET CANDY GA/GG

CANDY PINK

= Clair Phillips x princeps

Œ

Candy Stripe x ?

= CANDLE LIGHT

CAPRICORN

= concentrica x ampullacea BSI Jnl 1980, p.75

carolinae x albiflora

NIGHTINGALE

carolinae x carcharoden

= JAWS (albomarginata)

carolinae x chlorosticta

= DARK DELIGHT ? Identical with FEUERLAND

carolinae x chlorosticta hybrid = BEFFSTEAK

carolinae x cruenta

BLOODY MARY

carolinae x Fireball

= ROMAN CANDLE

carolinae x fosteriana

= HARMONY

carolinae x johannis

= DREAMWORTHY

carolinae x pineliana

= BRILLIANCE

carolinae x sarmentosa

= FLASH LADY

carolinae x Vulkan

= SHEER JOY

carolinae 'Durispina'

A cultivar apparently originating in Germany

carolinae "Durispina" x

PURPLE KING

Burbank

carolinae 'Lipstick' x (princeps x ampullacea) = PICOTEE

carolinae v. marechallii x Lacquered Red = GENNY

carolinae minor

= Not a recognised form of

carolinae [? chlorosticta hybrid

See Bromeletter, Sep 1991

carolinae 'Perfecta' x Fireball

LADDS CHOICE

carolinae 'Perfecta' x Pink '

= LOLLIPOP

Candy Stripe

carolinae rosea lineata

Identified in the U.S. as N. farinosa

B.S.I. Journal Sep/Oct 1988

BUT beware, in Australia, not all are N. farinosa, some are still carolinae!

carolinae rosea lineaia x ?

= COVER GIRL

carolinae hybrid

This is now NOMAD

carolinae hybrid x chlorosticta =BRONZEBEAUTY

CHARM

= marmorata x chlorosticta

Œ

For photograph see BSI Journal 1979, p. 257.

Beware - This plant was so popular that next generation seed has been grown on wrongly retaining name of

CHARM, instead of CHARM x ?.

All seem inferior to the true plant.

See also S. Zaghini's book " A guide to

beautiful Neoregelias"

BEELZEBUB, BLISS, CHARMIAN,

DAZZLE, FRECKLE FACE, KRASNY, ROBUST

Reverse Cross

Other Clones

SWEETIE PIE

CHARMING ROSE

= Montevideo x Beelzebub

VP87

CHILLI PEPPER

Skotak hybrid ? olens x Vulcan

ReferNC

chlorosticta x carolinae

= MERVS RUBELLA

chlorosticia x cyanea

BORN OF FIRE

chlorosticta x farinosa

= FIRE BIRD

chlorosticta x Fireball

= RUBY JEAN

chlorosticta x princeps

= VERNA

chlorosticta x Red Bird

= BEST BET

chlorosticta x tigrina

= SLOW JOE

chlorosticta GREEN BANDS

misnomer for HAPPY THOUGHTS

chlorosticta hybrid x?

= DARK SIDE

chlorostylis

Species name not in Smith's

Bromelioideae.

chlorostylis x fosteriana

= FINE STYLE

CHRISTMAS CHEER

see AUSSIE DREAM

CINNABAR

unknown Oeser hybrid, possibly

GA

of chlorosticta

CLAIR PHILLIPS

Seed raised in Brazil by Clair Phillips from Seidel as carolinae. Seems different to what is believed to be carolinae. Is this an unknown

v. rosatina x

species ?

Is this a "lohannis"

Clair Phillips x princeps

CANDY PINK

CLARET

= concentrica

Beefsteak

BEWITCHED, BLUSH, DAPPLE, DARKIE, DELILAH, GLORIOUS, GYPSY, HEARTS EASE, JEZEBEL, LEETLE SEESTA, PRECIOUS, PUCE, RED MOUTH, ROMANY

RYE, ROSE BLOOM, SUN KISSED

Œ

Clarct x marmorata

Other Clones

= HAL ELLIS

CLASSIC

see AUSSIE DREAM

CLEOPATRA

see BEVERLY

CLOSE OF DAY

see BREAK OF DAY

Clown x meyendorfii variegata

= HEART OF FIRE

COLLAROY

= sarmentosa c.v. Yellow Bird

WM

x ampullacea

Note: the ampullacea was called punctatissima v. rubra

COMET

Seed received as Vriesea Comet,

grown by J. Tonkin, SA

compacta x concentrica

= ROYAL ROBE

compacta x Fireball

= FIRESPRITE

concentrica c.v. HUGO

= A large form of the species common in

Ingham & Townsville

concentrica x ampullacea

CAPRICORN

concentrica x Beefsteak

= CLARET

concentrica x Clair Phillips = OLWEN FERRIS

concentrica x Claret = PURPLE JOY

concentrica x Fairy Paint = BLACK OLIVE

concentrica x farinosa = LAVENDER MIST

concentrica x Lacquered Red = TOPSHOT

concentrica x marmorata = ROSE MIST

concentrica x Petite = RELLS SURPRISE

concentrica " Margaret Nash' = BEHOLD

x Vulcan

concentrica x Morris Henry = GREEN OLIVE

Hobbs

concentrica v. plutonis x ? = RAINCLOUD

concentrica 'Talnadge' x ? = TOP MARKS

concentrica x Nidularium = XNeolarium GOLIATH

innocentii v. wittmackianum

CONTESSA = Wild Ruby x AVALON VP87

CORAL FIRE = punciatissima rubra x olens MP87

COTOPAXI = Marcon x johannis v. rubra JM82

COVER GIRL = carolinae v. rosea lineata x ? GA/GG

Other Clone SWEET DREAM

CRAYON LADY = (cruenta x spectabilis) x JM83

concentrica

CRIMSON DELIGHT see CRIMSON GLORY

CRIMSON GLORY = Crimson Red x carolinae hybrid GG

Other Clones CRIMSON DELIGHT, CRIMSON

GLOW, PURPLE NEST

CRIMSON GLOW See CRIMSON GLORY

CRIMSON RED see NOMAD

Was No. 23 and at one time

was CRIMSON GLOW

Crimson Red x carolinae hybrid = CRIMSON GLORY

CROWN FIRE = Fireball x sarmentosa IM83

CROWNING GLORY See DUET

=?

NEOREGELIA

cruenta x zonatus

Origin unknown

cruenta 'Broadleaf Rubra' x Morris Henry Hobbs

KNOCKOUT

cruenta hybrid x marmorata

Œ

(cruenta x speciabilis)
x concentrica

= CRAYON LADY

(cruenta x spectabilis)
x Fireball

HOT STUFF

cyanea x olens

GOLDEN JEWELS

cyanea x Petite

SWEET NELLIE

DAINTY DOLL

= Polka Dot x chlorosticta

Œ

DAPPLE

see CLARET

Other Clones

= carolinae x chlorosticta OF/DrO BLACK JACK (No. 53), FLAMING COPPER (GG), FROLIC (No.15), GAY QUILTING(No. 14), GRACE GOODE (No. 28), JAZZER (No. 19), JUST PERKY (No. 50), LORELLE (JM83), MAGICLIGHT (No. 10). MYSTIC (No. 12), RED APPEAL (No. 54), RED BEAUTY(No.34), RUBEO (No.13), (SCARLET RED (NO. 23), SMART IMAGE (NO.39), WINE CHARM (No. 47), WINE GAY (No.46), WINEGLOW (No. 45) Note: Rubeo here is identical and takes the place of FRANK YOUNG and RUBEIO. PARADISE POINT (red leaf with thin green edges. Plant grown in Adelaide since the 1970's)

DARK HIERO

see PINK HIERO

DARKIE

sec CLARET

DARKSIDE

= Cinnabar x ?

GA/GG

DAZZLE

see CHARM

DECORA

= concentrica v. plutonis x princeps (U.S. hybrid)

Decora x ?

PRINCESS GRACE

DEEP PLEASURE

SEC SPOT ON

|--|

DELILAH

see CLARET

DELPHINE

see JEAN BLACK

DIBBLES DELIGHT

Mother x princeps (variegated)

NC

DOLLYBIRD

= sarmentosa x Star of Bethlehem GG85

DOS PABLOS

Plant emanating from Dos Pablos nursery, Sydney early in the 1980s called N. princeps but this plant has wine coloured leaves, with green blotches. Does not colour up on flowering.

DOWNUNDER GEM

see AUSSIE DREAM

DREAM GIRL

see AUSSIE DREAM

DREAMTIME

see AUSSIE DREAM

DREAMWORTHY

= carolinae x johannis

OF87

DRESS CIRCLE
Other Clone

Amabilis F2
 WESTERN ROSE

VP84

GA/GG

DRESSED UP

see CLARET

DUET

Fairy Paint x concentrica Note: original hybrid done by Elmore is unnamed BABE, CROWNING GLORY, FAIRY

Other Clones

TALE, MAGIC FIRE, RAINBOW WARRIOR, SUMMER STORM

DUSKY

see JODIE

DUSKY ROSE

see PETITE

EAU DE COLOGNE

see ROUGE

ECLIPSE

see NOMAD

EDINA

see NARD

ELEGANCE

= Bills Beauty x princeps

VP87

EMERALD FIRE

= Vulkan x Avalon

VP87

Other Clone

EMERALD FOREST

EMERALD FOREST

5cc EMERALD FIRE

ENTERPRISE Other Clone Wild Ruby x Vulkan MISTER SPOCK VP87

NEOREGELIA IT **ERIC TONKIN** Barbie Doll x meyendorfii 'Citation' AVAGO, KIRRALEE Other Clones = (marmorata x Red Blotches)F2 EVENING SHADOWS U.S. seed bank now RED MARBLE EX THREE (or X3) EXEX THREE = Red Marble x farinosa (originally given number XX3) SEE DEEP REGARD **EXTRAVAGANZA** EYE SHADOW see ROUGE see HARMONY FAIR LADY SCE DARK DELIGHT FAIR MAID

FAIR MAID

see DARK DELIGHT

Fairy Paint x?

= BLUE BLOOD

Fairy Paint x concentrica

= DUET

Fairy Paint x Dexters Pride

= GOOD SHOW

FAIRY PLUM

See SUGAR PLUM

See DUET

FALL IN LOVE see JEAN EVANS

FANCY DRESS = Cinnabar x ? GA/GG
Other Clones BLUE THUNDER, LOVELY LASS

FANCY NANCY See MIDNIGHT

FANCY NANCY

See MIDNIGHT

FAR-FOST

See FOST FAR

See Gazalings, rates linears

= meyendorjii v. minor x scandens Other Clone HADES FATSO = concentrica hybrid (broadleaves) NC FEUERLAND = carolinae x chlorosticta German hybrid by Richter = speciabilis x concentrica FIESTA Note: seed imported from Germany by QLD grower. Has been called concentrica FIESTA

NEOREGELIA FINE STYLE	=	chlorostylis x fosterianus	œ
FIONA	=	olens x concentrica	AMF86
FIREBALL	84	Is 8" - 10"diam., brilliant red leaves,blue - lavender petals. Not Neoregetia schuttesiana. Refer BSI Journal 1977, page73 IT is a true species See Red of Rio See Bromeletter, Jan & Mar. 1991 and Nov. 1994.	
Fireball x albiflora	=	WHITE FIRE	
Fireball x Avalon	1	AVABALL	
Fireball x olens	=	FLAMING LOVELY	
Fireball x pauciflora x Morris Henry Hobbs	=	LITTLE BLACK	
Fireball x sarmentosa	=	CROWN FIRE	
Fireball x Strawberry Cup	=	BLOODRED	
FIREBIRD Other Clone	-	chlorosticta x farinosa SPOTTED FIREBIRD	Œ
Firebird x Polka Dot	=	Origin unknown	
FIREFLY Other Clone	(4. 5)	Firewitch x Firebird HOME FIRES	Œ
FIRESIDE GLOW	= -	sarmentosa rubra x kautskyi	MP87
FIRESPRITE Other Clones	=	compacta x Fireball FIRE NYMPH (violet red), FIRE PIXIE (orange red), FIRESPRITE (burnished red),	AL
FIREWHEEL		Linked to Ladds Choice	
FIREWITCH	=	ampullacea x Lacquered Red	Œ
FIREWORKS	=	Burbank x (carolinae x sarmentosa)	NK/JT
FLAME	=	meyendorfii hybrid	28
FLAME OF GLORY		see TOP MARKS	
FLAMING LOVELY	=	Fireball x olens Crimson red, with darker red spots	œ
FLASH	=	Montevideo x Fireball	VP87
		The second secon	

NEOREGELIA FLASH LADY	= carolinae x sarmentosa JM82
FLICKER	= olens x Marnier Lapostolic MP86
FLIRT	see PETITE
FLIRTATION	= punctatissima v. rubra x MP86 'meyendorfii
Flirtation x Firewheel	= FLIRTING WITH FIRE
FLIRTING WITH FIRE	= Flination x Firewheel MP90
FOLEYS FOLLY	see SPOT ON
FOOLS GOLD Other Clones	= Barbarian x Vibrant MP86 GOLD CITY, PATCHES, PATCHES TOO, ROSE GOLD, SUN GOLD, SUNSHINE
FOR OLWEN	= Olwen Ferris x chlorosticta GG
FOREST DRIVE	= (sarmentosa x chiorosticta) PT x marmorata
FOREST FIRE Other Clone	= Alvin Purple x Black Forest VP86 PURPLE FOREST
FOST FAR Other Clones	= fosteriana x farinosa GG (note reverse crosses) BABY DOLL, FAR FOST, FAR, SUPERIOR, GREEN ROSETTE, ROSE APPLE
FOST PRINCE	see ORCHID
fosteriana	is the true species in Australia ? See Purple Haze
fosteriana x farinosa	= FOST FAR
fosteriana x ?	= HOT SPICE
fosteriana hybrid	= SMOKY BLUSH
FOSTERS LITTLE GEM	sec LITTLE GEM
FRANK YOUNG	RUBEIO but is synonymous with RUBEO
FRECKLE FACE	see CHARM
FROLIC	see DARK DELIGHT
FURNACE Other Clones	= Sweetheart x George QG Anderson hybrid INCREDIBLE, MAKE MY DAY

FURY Other Clones

 Vulkan x Burbank APPEAL (spotted), JET AGE (striped),

Œ

PALE FACE, THUNDERBIRD

GARY HENDRIX

see BOBS READS LAD

GAY QUILTING

see DARK DELIGHT

GAY REBEL

see JODIE

GEELONG

a spotted hybrid of unknown origin from Geelong, Vic.

GEE WHIZ

see KNOCKOUT

GENNY

= carolinae v. marechallii x Lacquered Red

NK/JT

GEORGE ANDERSON

= small chlorosticta cross, red

GA/GG

with yellow barring

George Anderson

chiorosticta hybrid

= CINNABAR

GEORGES PRINCE

A clone of George Anderson princeps hybrid which has the shape of N. concentrica but all leaves are pale translucent lifac

with purple edging

GLADRAG

see SHEER JOY

GLADYS

SEE PURPLE KING

GLOHEART

Magenta x macrosepala

Œ

GLORIOUS

see CLARET

GLORIOUS

see AUSSIE DREAM

GODSEND

SEE JEAN EVANS

GOLD CITY

see FOOLS GOLD

GOLD FEVER

= CINNABAR F2

Œ

GOLDLOTTO

See BREAK OF DAY

GOLDEN GLEAM

= sarmentosa 'Yellow Bird' x

WM

tristis v. maculata

Golden Gleam x punctatissima

TOM FOOLERY

GOLDEN GLOW

see SWEET NELLIE

NEOREGELIA GOLDEN GRACE	= ampullacea x cyanea GG
	Has form of cyanea, with taller crossbanded tube of leaves
Other Clone	SHORT AND SWEET
GOLDEN JEWELS	= cyanea x olens WM85
GOLDEN SAPPHIRE	= sarmentosa 'Yellow Bird' x olens WM85
GOLDIE	See BEVERLY
GOOD MORNING	= tristis x olens
GOOD SHOW	= Fairy Paint x Dexters Pride GA/GG (Note: original hybrid done
¥7	by Lambert but unnamed)
GRACE DARLING Other Clone	= Amazing Grace x ? GA/GG MY GIRL
GRACE GOODE	see DARK DELIGHT
GRAND RUBY	see GRANDIOSE
GRAND SLAM	SEE PURPLE RAIN
GRANDIOSE Other Clone	= Wild Ruby x Takemura Grande VP87 GRAND RUBY
GRANITE	see PERFECT DESIGN
GREEN BANDS	old name for HAPPY THOUGHTS
GREEN FIRE	see BREAK OF DAY
GREEN OLIVE	= concentrica x Morris Henry Hobbs GA/GG
GREEN ROSETTE	see FOST FAR
GREY EYES	has links with Takemura NC
GREY NURSE	see JAWS
GUMMY	see JAWS
GYMPIE	see AUSSIE DREAM
GYPSY	SEC CLARET
GYPSY LOVE	see THELMA
GYPSY MOTH	see BLEEDING HEART
HADES	see FATAL ATTRACTION

see PEPPER

HAILSTORM

NEOREGELIA			
HAL ELLIS Other Clone	i.	Claret x marmorata MEMORIAM	œ
HALLOWEEN		see WARLOCK	
HANKY PANKY	Ē	Marnier Lapostolle x 'meyendorfii minor'	MP85
HAPPY THOUGHTS		see BEEFSTEAK	
Happy Thoughts x 'meyendorfil minor'	-	RED PLANET	
HARMONY	=	carolinae v. durispina x	œ
Other Clones		fosteriana FAIR LADY, PURPLE FANCY fosteriana x carolinae (meyendorfii) RL =POWDER PUFF HARMONY identical with BLYTHE SPIRIT named by Kendall in USA from seed sent by GG.	
hatschbachii		see Monstrosus	
HEART OF FIRE	=	Clown x meyendorfii variegata (Not variegated)	Œ
HEARTS BLOOD	=	olens x Strawberry Cup Compact rosette, yellow/green leaves, heavily blotched with fire engine red spots.	Œ
Hearts Blood x chlorosticta hybrid	=	HOTORANGE	
Hearts Blood x macahensis	=	HONEY BUNCH	
HEARTS EASE		see CLARET	
HELL FIRE		was No. 39 from Hal Ellis's collection	n
HEY DAY	-	punctatissima rubra x Red Face	MP88
HOBBS CHOICE	=	Morris Henry Hobbs x	GA/GG
HOCUS POCUS		see WARLOCK	
HOME FIRES		see FIREFLY	
HONEYBUNCH	=	Hearts Blood x macahensis	GG88
HONOUR BRIGHT		see MAID OF HONOUR	
HOT GOSSIP	=	Anna #40 (variegated)	NC

NEOREGELIA HOT ORANGE	=	Hearts Blood
HOT SPICE	=	fosteriana
HOT STUFF		(cruenta x Fireball
HYPERBALL		Anna #5
TMPACT		Anna #

johannis v. rubra

JODIE = ampullacea x chlorosticia Dr 065

Other Clones DUSKY, GAY REBEL, LITTLE BEAUTY,

LITTLE DOTTY, POLKA DOT, RUSSET BEAUTY, TAN BEAUTY

TURBULENT (MP)

Johannis v.rubra . is not a johannis let alone a variety

johannis v. rubra x = QUEEN OF HEARTS

x Vibrant

Lavender Mist

JOHANNAS PURPLE name for an alleged true johannis

imported from U.S.A. by D. Butcher in 1982

= INTENSE

JOHN WILKINS A special form of carolinae.

Apparently imported as

Magnificent Red. 7 by Yamamoto

JOLLY ROGER = Takemura Grande x Happy Thoughts VP87

JOY PRITCHARD Parents unknown

JULIE Parents unknown. Seed from Bill

Rogers in New Zealand

JUST PERKY see DARK DELIGHT

KAI F2 see SPARKLING MERLOT

KAY JAY Seed from US seedbank as

'concentrica', grown by JT

KIRRALEE see ERIC TONKIN

KNOCKOUT = cruenta' Broadleaf ' GA/GG

Other Clones x Morris Henry Hobbs
GEE WHIZ, RED GOLD

KRASNY see CHARM

KRISTINA = Bright Spot x Fanfare AMF86

Other Clones MELISSAS REWARD, NICOLE,

LACQUERED RED = a form of carolinae from the 1950s.

Not to be confused with US hybrid.

Lacquered Red x pineliana = LURID

Other Clone

LADDS CHOICE = carolinae 'Perfecta' x Fireball AL

This is a variegated plant LADDS EXTRA CHOICE This is albo - marginate

LAEBEE = laevis x Beefsteak CW

laevis x Beefsteak = LAEBEE

LARNACHS PRIDE see AUSSIE DREAM

LAVENDER LADY = ? farinosa hybrid GG

(see also PINK LADY)

LAVENDER MIST = concentrica x farinosa GG

LAVENDER PRINCESS = seedling from 'morrisiana' sic in collection of D. Butcher 1996

LEETLE SEESTA See CLARET

LILLIPET = lilliputiana x Strawberry Cup CG

lilliputiana x olens Vulcan = LITTLE JEWEL

lilliputiana x Strawberry Cup = LILLIPET

LIME LIGHT = Pink Plum F2 CG

LISTER mediumto large plant, narrowish

bronze, semi erect leaves with red tip

From Townsville

LITTLE AMPS see BEVERLY

LITTLE BEAUTY see JODIE

Little Beauty x Fireball = BRIC A BRAC

LITTLE BLACK = Fireball x pauciflora x Morris

Henry Hobbs

(Of U.S. origin but unnamed like an almost black Fireball with green edges to leaves)

LITTLE DOTTY see JODIE

LITTLE FAITH = Whose Baby x punctatissima GG89

LITTLE FLECK (No. 26) s∞ PETITE

LITTLE GEM apparently a M. Foster hybrid

Little Gem x Vulcan = PASSION

LITTLE JEWEL = lilliputiana x olens Vulcan MP93

LITTLE JOY see SHEER JOY

LITTLE LADY see AUSSIE DREAM

LITTLE MO = Fancy Free F2 grown by M. Hick, Adelaide

NEOREGELIA LITTLE OL		see AUSSIE DREAM	
LITTLE PRINCE	=	princeps x Olwen Ferris	Œ
LITTLE RED HEN		see RUBY JEAN	
LITTLE TOOTS		parents unknown	FW
LOLLIPOP	=	carolinae perfecta x Pink Candy Stripe	MP92
LOOKING GOOD	=	tristis x Sweetheart GG89	
LORELLE		SCC DARK DELIGHT	
LOTUS OSIRIS	=	smithii (note hooked sepals)	
LOVELY LADY		see AUSSIE DREAM	
LOVELY LASS		see FANCY DRESS	
LOVESONG		see RAIN CLOUD	
LUCKY SEVEN		SEE AUSSIE DREAM	
LULU	=	Skotak 20004 variegated	NC
LUNAR SAND	/=	Thunder Cloud x farinosa rosea lineata	VP90
LURID	1 =	Lacquered Red x pineliana	Œ
LUSCIOUS	=	Montevideo x Bold Blush	VP87
macrosepala		There is doubt that the true species is in Australia	
macrosepala x pineliana	=	?	Œ
MAD MAX		ANNA #I (variegated)	NC
MADAM LASH		Mother x ? Variegated-produces twisted leaves in centre instead of flowering	NC
Other clones	**	SWEET SEDUCTION (variegated and flowering), TOY BOY (variegated and flowering)	
MAGENTA		see OLWEN FERRIS	
Magenta x macrosepala	=	GLOHEART	
MAGGIES PRIDE		A variegated sport grown in SA by M. Hick from seed from F. Wiley, USA	

MAGIC FIRE

see DUET

Magic Fire x ?

= NARELLE

MAGIC LIGHT

see DARK DELIGHT

MAGIC SPELL Other clones = Firewitch x sarmentosa 'Rubra'
PEPE, SPELLBOUND

MP

MAGNA

SCC BEEFSTEAK

MAID OF HONOUR

see JEAN EVANS

MAID OF HONOUR F2

= BREAK OF DAY

MAKE BELIEVE

see DARK DELIGHT

MAKE MY DAY

SCC FURNACE

MANDELA

= Pitchblack F2

03

Other Clone

NELSON (leaves shiny black)

Note: Mandela has leaves scurfy black

MANDY

see NARD

MARATHON

= (marmorata x spectabilis)

JM82

x sarmentosa

MARBLE STAR

= Marble Throat x carolinae

VP91

Other Clones

tricolor perfecta MARBLE GEM, MARBLE LIME, MARBLE PINK, MARBLE RED

MARBLE THROAT

C.V. of N. chlorosticta

See BSI Journal 1988, page 224 See Bromletter, May & July 1988

Marble Throat x carolinae

tricolor perfecta

= MARBLE STAR

MARCON

Appears to be a form of marmorata, not the hybrid marmorata x spectabilis as advised in the International Check List

Marcon x carolinae

= PAGUNTA

Marcon x johannis v. rubra

COTOPAXI

Marcon x 'Mini Misso

TROUBADOR

Marcon x sigrina

TRICKSIE

Marcon x Nidularium procerum v. kermesianum XNeolarium MARCO POLO

marechali

a so called variety of N. carolinae
Notes by Dutrie in 1946 are as follows
Refer BSI Journal 1988 page17
"Closely related to N. carolinae but
forming a more beautiful plant thanks
to its shorter and wider leaves. The
bracteate leaves show a great
diversity of colours from rosy red to
vermillionor a reddish - purple, the
most valued being cardinal red or
orange. The later is rare and sought
after for hybridizing"

Comments by D. Butcher
Here we have a horticulturalist
recognising 'marechali' as smaller
than the species. 40 years on, we
in Australia (and Germany too)
are recognising 'meyendorfii' as
the smaller.
Someone must be wrong and I
would suggest that Duthic isn't.
Just an example of what
selective breeding can do!

MARGARET NASH

marmorata black

a cultivar of concentrica

is not a marmorata but a hybrid of U.S. origin

marmorata x binotti hybrid = STEPPING OUT

marmorata x chlorosticta = CHARM

marmorata x cruenta hybrid = SUNTAN

marmorata x Royal Robe = INFERNO

TV

marmorata x tristis = (1)NEZ MISSO

Note: It has been suggested that the marmorata used was probably chlorostictal Leaves to 50 cm long (2)MINI MISSO

Leaves to 25 cm long

M. Foster hybrid

marmorata x zebrina

marmorata x spectabilis

AMPHORA SPOTS

(marmorata x spectabilis) = MARATHON x sarmentosa

(marmorata x speciabilis) x? = APRIL SUE

NEOREGELIA MARNIER LAPOSTOLLE

ampullacea x zonata

At least 2 clones in Australia, both imported. One looks as though it has 'zonata' in it. The other looks like the Aussie 'albiflora' and appears to be the true 'tigrina'. This was the plant seen by Oeser in Marnier Lapostolle's collection, see BSI Bulletin 1970, page 120. "Another problem imported from the U.S.",

Marnier Lapostolle x 'meyendorfii minor'

HANKY PANKY

Marnier Lapostolle x Ruby Jean = JEAN BLACK

MARTIAN SEE RED PLANET

MASCARA SEEROUGE

MASSEY = purple ampullacea Massey

= purple ampullacea Massey
An import from U.S. Is not purple!
Is not an ampullacea! Seems very similar to Elmore's Rosemarie

See also BSI journal, 1992, p. 196

MELBA Form of pineliana
(See notes under BRONZE LEAF)

MELISSAS REWARD see KRISTINA

MEMORIAM see HAL ELLIS

MERCURY see RED PLANET

MERVS RUBELLA hybrid of chlorosticta x carolinae,

originating in lngram, Qld

meyendorfii = Botanically synonymous with
N. carolinae. Horticulturally the
same as N. carolinae according
to Duthrie in 1946. See B.S.I.

to Duthrie in 1946. See B.S.I. Journal 1988, page 17. Most common

form of carolinae in Australia

meyendorfli x princeps = SYNCOPATE

meyendorfii variegated x WALLY (variegated)

chlorosticia

meyendorfii v. minor x = FATAL ATTRACTION scandens

10

meyendorfii variegata = ROYS SPECIAL x concentrica

meyendorfii variegata k princeps = PINK CANDY STRIPE

MIDNIGHT

Other Clones

= tristis x concentrica BEWDY, FANCY NANCY Œ

Reverse Cross

PURPLE PLEASURE, VIOLETTA

MIDNIGHT EXPRESS

see AUSSIE DREAM

MILKY WAY

temporary name for a "seideliana" with white centre (See Bromeletter Jan 1996) Now identified as a species

called nivea

MINI MISSO

= marmorata x tristis Leaves 25 cm long WM

Mini Misso x concentrica

= RIPPLE

MISTER SPOCK

see ENTERPRISE

MISTY

see NOMAD

MONSTROSUS

named by H. Luther at Queensland conference 1985 as N. hatschbachit. corrected by Harry Luther in 1994

to cruenta red form

MONTEVIDEO

A Richter hybrid. Parents unknown

Montevideo x Beelzebub

CHARMING ROSE

Montevideo x Bold Blush

= LUSCIOUS

Montevideo x Fireball

= FLASH

Montevideo x princeps

= WESTERN PRINCE

Montevideo x Nid. regelioides

X NEOLARIUM ORACLE

Morris Henry Hobbs x ?

BLEEDING HEART

Morris Henry Hobbs x

HOBBS CHOICE

concentrica

Morris Henry Hobbs x

= ANN ANDERSON

Fairy Paint

NEOREGELIA	
MOTHER	= clone of a variegated N. carolinae that produced a high number of variegated seedlings. Is probably the one used to produce most variegated
MUCH ADO	Neoregelias in Australia = Burbank x chlorosticta CG
MULBERRY RIPPLE	= Vulkan x ? Seed from U.S. seed bank grown by D. Butcher. Basically green with mulberry ripples
MURAL	= Takemura Grande x Avalon VP87
MY GIRL	see GRACE DARLING
MYSTIC	see DARK DELIGHT
NARD Other clones	= Petite x Furnace AMF86 EDINA, MANDY
NARELLE Other Clone	= Magic Fire X ? AMF86 RORY
NEFERTITI	see BEVERLY
NELSON	see MANDELA
NEZ MISSO	= marmorata x tristis NM (leaves 50 cm long - see other cross)
NICOLE	see KRISTINA
NIGHT GLOW	= Vulkan x Black Knight (O) VP87
NIGHT OUT	= Bewitched x ? RL
NIGHTINGALE	= carolinae x albiflora JM82
NOMAD	= carolinae x red leaf carolinae DrO/OF hybrid
OtherClones	BEAUTY (No. 20),BOLD BLUSH (No. 6),BRILLIANT ORANGE (No. 27), CRIMSON RED (No. 23), ECLIPSE (No. 37), MISTY (No. 29), ORANGE SUPREME (NO. 24), RED SHEEN (No. 48),RED WINE (No. 22), RESPLENDENT (No. 21),SCARLET PINK (No. 8)
NUGGET	Sp x ampullacea WM Note 1.Sp was named wilsoniana but could bepauciflora yellow Note.2ampullacea was named punctatissima v. rubra.

= ampullacea x bahiana

NUTMEG

WM

ODDBOD

see SUN GOD

Oesers chlorosticta hybrid x ?

FANCY DRESS

OESERS MAC MAR

Origin unknown

OESERS SPECIAL SCARLET

Origin unknown. Is this part of the Beefsteak grex ?

CH

see AUSSIE DREAM

Oh No x Lacquered Red

SOUTHERN GLOW

Oh No x pineliana

Origin unknown

Oh No x marechallii

= SPOTLIGHT

OLD GOOGLEE EYES

has links with Takemura

NC

olens

Due to Aussie prompting, this was finally resolved in BSI Journal 1986, page 167. See also Vulcan and 696 and 'Marie'

olens x chlorosticia

= BRIGHT SPOT

olens a concentrica

= FIONA

olens x Marnier Lapostolle

= FLICKER

olens x Strawberry Cup

HEARTS BLOOD

olens x Tiger Cub

= XMAS CHEER

olens Vulcan x

= PEPPER

ampullacea v. tigrina

olens Vulcan x Painted Lady

= REMEMBER ME

OLWEN FERRIS

Other Clones

= concentrica x Clair Phillips MAGENTA, SOMETHING DIFFERENT (Note: Olwen Ferris was originally called No. 42, then Olwens Bine)

Olwen Ferris x chlorosticta

= FOR OLWEN

OLWENS BLUE

now see OLWEN FERRIS

ONE AND ONLY

see BREAK OF DAY

ORANGE SUPREME

see NOMAD

ORCHID

princeps x fosteriana

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20cm long, 5cm wide with a

transparent appearance of pale purple

PRINCE FOST

Reverse Cross

Other Clone

FOST PRINCE

ORGY

see SPOT ON

OSCECILA

Apparently . M. Foster hybrid

Osceola x ?

= REDGLOW

OUTER SPACE

= Jet Age x Barbie Doll

Л

OXBLOOD

= unknown hybrid. (see NC)

PAGUNTA

Marcon x carolinge

JM

PALE FACE

see FURY

PAPRIKA

= princeps x (princeps

JM82

Œ

x ampullacea)

PARADISE POINT

see DARK DELIGHT

= Little Gem x Vulkan

PATCHES

PASSION

see FOOLS GOLD

PATCHES TOO

see POOLS GOLD

paucifiora x zebrina

AMPHORA SPOTS

paucifiora red x ampullacea

AFTERNOON DELIGHT

PEPE

see MAGIC SPELL .

PEPPER

olens Vulcan x ampullacea v. tigrina Carrone hybrid 1974 A remake by GG has produced HAILSTORM

(compact rosette, 18cm tall , flairedat top. Outside of leaves ribbed appearance, bronze colouring with horizontal maroon banding. Inside of leaves

green and spotted bronze red) TOM THUMB

PERFECT DESIGN

Other Clone

 Takemura Grande x Black Knight (O) VP87 GRANITE

PETER PINK

Parents unknown small variegated

NC

	88	
NEOREGELIA PETITE Other Clones	= ampullacea x carolinae D DUSKY ROSE, FLIRT, LITTLE FLECK, UPSHOT (MP85)	Or O65
Petite x Furnace	= NARD	
PICOTEE	= carolinae 'Lipstick' x] (princeps x ampuliacea)	M82
pineliana z Burbank	= PURPLE QUEEN	
pineliana x carolínae x concentrica	Origin unknown. Two main clones:PORPHYRY PEARL. INDIGO PEARL	
pineliana x chlorosticta	= REWARD	
pineliana x olens	= PINOL	
pineliana x Redof Rio	= RED PINE	
PINK CANDY STRIPE	Possibly meyendorfii variegata x princeps	
Other Clone	From Amazon Plants, N.S.W. 1978 RED CANDY STRIPE	
Pink Candy Stripe x meyendorfil	= ROULETTE	
PINK DELIGHT	BOG AUSSIE DREAM	
PINK HIERO Other Clone	Seed received as Vr. hieroglyphica grown by CW DARK HIERO	
PINK LADY	4004000000 At 8700000 05	2
TINK LADI	= ? farinosa hybrid ' (xee also LAVENDER LADY)	3
PINK PANTS	see BEVERLY	
PINK PLUM	see SUGAR PLUM	
PINK PLUM F2	= LIME LIGHT .	
PINK POUFFE	see WOW N	2
PINOL	= pineitana xolens W	м
PITCH BLACK	parents unknown G	A
Pitch Black F2	= MANDELA	

SCC AVABALL

see SHEER JOY

PLAYBALL

PLUM PRETTY

NEOREGELIA PLUTO

see RED PLANET

plutonis

an undescribed variety of N. concentrica.

Note: Dutrie in 1946 says that it is smaller than the species, with bracteate leaves dull red.

POLKA DOT

see JODIE

= DAINTY DOLL

Polka Dot x chlorosticta PORPHYRY PEARL

= pineliana x carolinae x concentrica reddish purple almost all over:

PORT WINE

Outer leaves basal one third green Wineglow x Red of Rio

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WM

= carolinae x carolinae minor POSSESSED SEC HARMONY POWDER PUFF

OF A DET

	true species. The following is not in the official description but was written by a horticulturist, Dutrie, in 1946. The sepals and the small floral bracts are reddish-orange. Since they have the appearance of petals, the inflorescence looks like a round, reddish-orange skull cap set in the bottom of the rosette formed by the leaves. It should be noted that this characteristic is transmitted to its hybrids. This has been in Australia for many years masquerading under a "farinosa" label.
'Dos Pablos'	sec DOS PABLOS
x fosteriana	= ORCHID
x Olwen Ferris	= LITTLE PRINCE
x speciabilis	= SINCERELY
x (princeps x lacea)	= PAPRIKA

princeps hybrid x ?

= PURPLE RAIN

PRINCESS GRACE

= Decora x ?

GA/GG

PRINCESS PUSHY Other Clone = princeps hybrid PRINCESS SNIPSNIP NC

PROSERPINE

an undescribed variety of

N. concentrica.

Dutrie in 1946 says this has

violet or wine coloured bracteate leaves

PROUD BEAUTY

see PURPLE JOY

PUCE

see CLARET

punctatissima

the true species is not in Australia as at 1996. All seem to be forms of ampullacea

punctatissima x pineliana

= SUDAN

punctatissima v. rubra

almost certainly a form of ampullacea

punctatissima v. rubra x 'meyendorfii' FLIRTATION

punctatisssima v. rubra x olens CORAL FIRE

punctatissima v. rubra x

ctanssima v. ruora i

Red Face

= HEYDAY

purple ampullacea Massey

= MASSEY

PURPLE CLOUD

see INTENSE

PURPLE FANCY

see HARMONY

PURPLE FOREST

see FOREST FIRE

PURPLE HAZE

Imported as fosteriana but does not have multiple flower head. Called by OF to differentiate.

PURPLE JOY Other Clone = concentrica x ClaretGG

PROUD BEAUTY

PURPLE MYSTIC

see INDIGO

PURPLE KING Other Clone carolinae "durispina" x Burbank NK82
 GLADYS (Has definite veining)

PURPLE MONARCH

see VIBRANT

PURPLE NEST

see CRIMSON GLORY

NEOREGELIA PURPLE PLATE see SHEER JOY PURPLE PLEASURE see MIDNIGHT PURPLE PRINCESS = abendrothae x pauciflora WM PURPLE QUEEN = pineliana x Burbank NK82 PURPLE RAIN = princeps hybrid x ? GA/GG Other Clones GRAND SLAM, TIGER BALM, TWOTONE PURPLE TIGER see tigrina PURPLE WAVE special clone of concentrica **QUEEN OF HEARTS** = johannis v. rubra x 8 Lavender Mist Other Clones PRINCE OF DARKNESS. PRINCE OF LIGHT ROSE FLUSH QUEENSLAND see AUSSIE DREAM RACHEL see ROULETTE RADIANT see SHEER JOY RAINBOW WARRIOR see DUET RAIN CLOUD = concentrica v. plutonis x ? GA/GG Other Clone LOVESONG RED APPEAL see DARK DELIGHT RED ARROW Sport from one of Skotak's hybrids exNC RED BEAUTY see DARK DELIGHT RED BIRD U.S. hybrid (only 3 to pick from !) RED CANDY STRIPE sec PINK CANDY STRIPE RED CLOWN = Red Planet x MP marmorata Golden Clown

RED DELICIOUS

Received as Neolarium from Rockhampton but similar to N. carolinae but with dark prominent teeth on the leaf edge.

RED DEVIL

Linked to Rosy Morn

RED DROPS

acc SPOT ON

RED EMBERS see RED PLANET

RED FACE see BRIGHT SPOT

RED GLOW = Osceola x ? GA/GG

RED GLOW see AUSSIE DREAM

RED GOLD See KNOCKOUT

RED MARBLE = chlorosticta x ? Dr. O/OF

(Red Marble was originally X3)

Red Marble x farinosa = EXEXTHREE

RED MOUTH See CLARET

RED of RIO An apparent true species 15 - 18cm

diam, alliedto FIREBALL itself, an apparent true species !

RED PINE = pinellana x Red of Rio WM

RED PLANET = Happy Thoughts x MP84
meyendorfii minor

Other clones MARTIAN, MERCURY, PLUTO RED EMBERS, SATELLITE, SATURN,

SHINING RED

Red Planet x = RED CLOWN

marmorata Golden Clown

RED PLATE see SHEER JOY

RED PRIDE See AUSSIE DREAM

RED RIBBONS see SWEETHEART

RED SHEEN see NOMAD

RED TIGER = tigring x Red of Rio WM

RED WINE See NOMAD

REGAL GLOW = Star of Bethlehem x Ruby Jean GG85

RELLS DELIGHT see RELLS SURPRISE

RELLS SURPRISE = concentrica x Petite AMF86

Other Clone RELLS DELIGHT

REMEMBER ME = olens Vulcan x Painted Lady MP

RESPLENDENT See NOMAD

NEOREGELIA REWARD

Other Clone

= pineliana x chlorosticta AMETHYST

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RHUBARB

= Big Red x Burbank

NK/JT

RIENS PRIDE

possibly a Fairy Paint F2 grown by Rien Rocpen in WA

RING IN

see BEVERLY

RIO RED

To 12"diameter with reddish maroon leaves. Sometimes random small green markings. Royal blue petals. Allegedly . HUMMEL hybrid. Not to be confused with Red of Rio.

Rio Red x chlorosticta

= SWEETHEART

RIPPLE

Mini Misso x concentrica

JM82

ROMAN CANDLE

= carolinae x Fireball

JM82

ROMANY RYE

See CLARET

ROSA DELUXE

= concentrica x farinosa rosea lineata

VP84

Other Ciones

ROSA CASSANDRA, ROSA DELIGHT, ROSA YVONNE (all with red lines)

ROSE APPLE

see FOST FAR

ROSE BLOOM

see CLARET

ROSE FLUSH

SEE QUEEN OF HEARTS

ROSE GOLD

see POOLS GOLD

ROSE MIST

= concentrica z marmorata

Œ

ROSE WINE

= Vulkan x carolinae rosea striasa

Œ

Other Clone

WITH LOVE

ROSEBALL

see AVABALL

ROSELLA

An F2 of a supposed FARINOSA TIDI'. This is small compact, red centred with white streaks. Originated in S. Aust. & named by BSSA in 1988. See Bromeletter Nov. 1989

ROSIE

see AUSSIE DREAM

NEOREGELIA ROSY MORN

Grown from imported seed by Amazon Nursery, N.S.W. as XMORRISONIANA. Wrong name !. Could be a species of cruenta type. See Bromeletter July & Nov. 1993

ROUGE Other Clones Beelzebub x Fireball
EAU DE COLOGNE, EYE SHADOW,
MASCARA

VP87

Other Clone

Pink Candy Stripe x meyendorfii MP85
 RACHEL

ROY FORD

= meyendorfii x concentrica Grex name for a batch of seedlings, all variegated and none stable. One clone selected by MP and called Roys Special but still unstable

ROYAL COLOUR

see INFERNO

ROYAL EMBER

= Bold Blush x Little Gem

JM82

ROYAL PURPLE

see INFERNO

ROYAL RED

see INFERNO

ROYAL ROBE

compacta x concentrica
 Originally listed as wurdackil
 x concentrica

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SAN FRANCISCO

apparently a U.S. hybrid of unknown origin

San Francisco x olens

= TRULY

SANDSTORM

see SUDAN

SARMENTOSA 'B'

Origin unknown.? small form of marmorata or chlorosticta hybrid? In the 1950's chlorosticta was considered a variety of sarmentosa but now these are treated as separate species. We even saw N. sarmentosa achlorosticta which is hard to imagine when one was a variety of the other.It was only in the 1980's that we started to visualise the differences so in all probability any hybrids prior to 1980 used the chlorosticta form which was much more common. Also investigating SARMENTOSA 'A'and 'C'

sarmentosa x chlorosticta

= SCARLET STAR

sarmentosa B x olens

STORMY FOREST

sarmentosa x Star of Bethlehem = DOLLY BIRD

sarmentosa v. rubra x kautskyi = FIRESIDE GLOW

sarmentosa 'Yellow Bird'

COLLAROY

x ampullacea

sarmentosa 'Yellow Bird'

GOLDEN SAPPHIRE

x olens

sarmentosa 'Yellow Bird' x tristis maculata

= GOLDEN GLEAM

(sarmentosa x

chlorosticta) x marmorata

= FOREST DRIVE

SATELLITE

SCC RED PLANET

SATURN

See RED PLANET

SCANDENS

now identified as sapiatibensis

SCARLET PINK

see NOMAD

SCARLET RED

see DARK DELIGHT

SCARLET STAR

= sarmentosa x chiorosticta

GG85

SCORCHER

Other Clone

= Takemura Grande x Fireball

VP87

SIZZLER

**	200		-	~			
N	EC	ж	E.	G.	L.	6.	I A

SEEING RED

see BREAK OF DAY

SHEBA

see BEVERLY

SHEER JOY

= carolinae x Vulkan GG Dark burgundy red, long, wide leaves. Centre becomes carmine red splashed with green.

Other Clones

AMAZING GRACE (firm green leaves with maroon stripes) BLACKIE GLAD RAG, LITTLE JOY PURPLE PLATE, RADIANT, RED PLATE

NOTE; PLUM PRETTY named by Arla Rutledge in USA from seed

by GG.

SHEEREST JOY

Only a slight variation of SHEER JOY. Now treated as SHEER JOY

SHINING EXAMPLE

see AUSSIE DREAM

SHINING RED

see RED PLANET

SHORT AND SWEET

see GOLDEN GRACE

SILVER CLOUD

= Beefsteak x macrosepala

Œ

SINCERELY

= princeps x spectabilis

SITTING PRETTY

see RUBY JEAN

SIZZLER

see SCORCHER

SKOTAKS ROYAL BURGUNDY

= variegated hybrid by Skotak using Royal Burgundy but, not the same parentage onlabel as for Pemiento registered in U.S.

SKOTAKS ROYAL ROBE

variegated hybrid by Skotak
 Parents unknown other than
 "Royal Robe" probably not the one by GG

SLOW JOE

= chlorosticta x tigrina (? ampullacea) TICKLE YOUR FANCY JM83

(GG)

Other Clone

see BREAK OF DAY

SMALL WONDER SMALL WORLD

see BREAK OF DAY

Small World x

= RUTH WILSON

concentrica 'minor'

.

SMART IMAGE

see DARK DELIGHT

NEOREGELIA SMOKY BLUSH WM fosseriana hybrid Looks similar to large form of fosteriana SOMETHING DIFFERENT SCC OLWEN FERRIS SORREL = Vulkan x ? VP84 Other Clones ROYAL SHOW, RUBICELLE IT SOUTHERN GLOW = Lacquered Red x Oh No seed from U.S. Seedbank as SPARKLING MERLOT KAI in 1980s SPECKLED BOAB VP87 = ampullacea (dark form) x spectabilis variegata BIG BOAB, BOAB, GOLDEN BOAB Other Clones = THUNDERBALL spectabilis x Amabilis = SPECTALINE spectabilis x carolinae spectabilis x concentrica = FIESTA SPECTALINE = spectabilis x carolinae WM60 SPELLBOUND see MAGIC SPELL SPOT ON = Beefsteak x Claret OG Other Clones DEEP PLEASURE, FOLEYS FOLLY, ORGY, RED DROPS SPOTLIGHT = Oh No x marechallii NK/JT SPOTTED FIREBIRD see FIREBIRD SPOTTED TIGER SEE tigrina STAR OF BETHLEHEM this clone possibly extinct, see SWEETHEART Star of Bethlehem x = REGAL GLOW Ruby Jean STEPPING OUT = marmorata x binotii hybrid œ STILL WATERS SEC TOP MARKS VULKAN x ? Seed From US Seedbank STORM CLOUD grown by D. Butcher. Upright plant with intense dark purple centre STORMY FOREST = sarmentosa B x olens WM SUDAN = punctatissima x pineliana VP86

SANDSTORM

Other Clone

NEOREGELIA SUGAR AND SPICE

see BORN OF FIRE

Other Clones

SUGAR PLUM

Violet Plum x ?

FAIRY PLUM, PINK PLUM

GA/GG

SUMMER STORM

see DUET

Other Clones SUN GOLD

SUN GOD

see FOOLS GOLD

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SUN KISSED

see CLARET

Sunrise x Vulkan

ODD BOD, SUN LIT

SUN LIT see SUN GOD

= Whose Baby x cyanea

GG89

SUN LOVER SUNRED

see SUN TAN

SUNDAY BEST

see ANN ANDERSON

carolinae x farinosa rosea lineata

VP88

Other Clones

SUNDOWNER

SUNRISE

SUNDOWNER DELIGHT, SUNDOWNER QUEEN, SUNDOWNER ROSE (all

with red stripes)

Sunrise x Vulkan

SUN GOD

see BEEFSTEAK

SUNSET see BEEFSTEAK

Other Clones	Bl	G BROTHER, SUN RED	•
SWEET ALICE	= M	other x princeps (variegated)	NC
SWEET CANDY	sec	CANDLELIGHT	
SWEET DREAM	se	COVER GIRL	
SWEET NELLIE Other Clones		anea x Petite ANDANCE, GOLDEN GLOW	AMF86
SWEET SEDUCTION	se	MADAM LASH	NC
SWEETHEART Other Clones		o Red x chlorosticta ED RIBBONS, STAR OF BETHLEHEM	Œ
Sweetheart x George Anderson hybrid	= Fl	JRNACE	
	122		

MM	ampullacea x ilgrina	= .	TIGER CUB
	occ PURPLE RAIN		TIGER BALM
	SC SLOW 10E		LICKTE KOUR FANCY
VP85	speciabilis x AMABILIS	=	THUNDERBALL
	**		8:03W# P304/
	LUNAR SAND	=	Thunder Clouds x farinosa
	(plutonis x samentosa)		
	U.S. hybrid by De Leon		THUNDER CLOUDS
	sec FURY		THUNDER BIRD
83	muineloaMX sas		THOR
	THETWY	=	Thelms O'Reilly x ?
	marks and anoma		94
	Elmore U.S. bybrid		
	Morris Henry Hobbs x princeps)		THELMA O'REILLY
	r addoll world aimold		THE WY OBEH I A
	GADSA FOAE (dark red)		
	BRIGHT EYES (spoued),		Other Clones
09/Y9	Thelms O'Reilly x ?	=	AMJEHT
DUITO	•		15.5-5:00.0-05
	*** AUSSIE DREAM		TARTAN PRINCESS
	see 10DIE		TAN BEAUTY
			siqSnoqL
	NEDON LOTOR	-	Таксплив Стапис и Нарру
	IOITA BOCEB		weeth I shoop summited
	SCORCHER	=	Takemura Grande x Fireball
			Knight (O)
	PERFECT DESIGN	=	Takemura Grande x Black
	MURAL	-	Takemura Grande x Avalon
	find names (seems)		
	(Refer Grande p19)		
	Davis in U.S.A. circa 1962.		5.
	grown by Takemura in Japan and	2220	TAKEMURA .
(ř	hybrid done by Richter - seeds	-	TAKEMIRA .
	AETAEL BYNE		Офет Сопе
™	sqsonirg x litrobasesm	=	SYNCOPATE
	Sec CHARM		SWEETTE PIE
	Hayno		NEORECELIA
			FILADAGUAN

NEOREGELIA

tigrina

correct name for old "albiflora" and an incorrect 'Marnier Lapostolle'. Not to be confused with ampullacea v. tigrina which is a horticultural variety of ampullacea which may have been used in the following hybrids.

tigrina

Seed in BSI list May 1984. Produced two types.

- 3cm diam, tube for 8cm then flaring out to 22 cm diam. Height 16 cm, spotted leaves 2cm wide - SPOTTED TIGER
- 6cm diam. tube for 8 cm, then flaring out to 22 cm diam.
 Height 16 cm. Heavily dark cross striped leaves 5cm wide PURPLE TIGER.
 Original name therefore suspect!
 Grown by K. Bradtberg, S. Aust.

tigrina x Red of Rio

= RED TIGER

tigrina x Orthophytum rubrum = XNeophytum Yum Yum

TOMFOOLERY

= Golden Gleam x punctatissima

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TOM THUMB

see PEPPER

TOP MARKS

= concentrica 'Talnadge' x ?

GA/GG

Other Clones

FLAME OF GLORYSTILL WATERS,

VAIN GLORY

TOP SHOT

= concentrica x Lacquered Red

JT

TOWNSVILLE

was known as "no name" in Townsville-origin unknown. Has red streaks similar to MANOA BEAUTY (?U.S. origin)

TOY BOY .

see MADAM LASH

NC

TRAIL BLAZER

Purchased by OF as Canistrum 'lila rosea' but really a high class Neoregelia

TRICKSIE

= Marcon x tigrina (? ampullacea) JM82

tristis x carolinae = DIANA (US hybrid), see also WOW tristis x concentrica = MIDNIGHT tristis x olens GOOD MORNING tristis x Sweetheart = LOOKINGGOOD TROUBADOR = Marcon x Mini Misso JM82 TRULY = San Francisco x olens Œ In strong light has yellow/green leaves, liberally spotted with crimson. TURBULENT sec JODIE Œ TWILIGHT = Beefsteak x princeps ULTIMATE, VANITY Other Clones see PURPLE RAIN TWO TONE ULTIMATE see TWILIGHT UPSHOT see PETITE VAIN GLORY see TOP MARKS VANITY see TWILIGHT VELVET BLUE see SYNCOPATE œ VERNA = chorosticta x princeps Bills Beauty x concentrica 'Purple Wave' Œ VIBRANT Other Clones BLACK LOOKS, PURPLE MONARCH VIOLET PLUM U.S. hybrid. Origin unknown SUGAR PLUM Violei Plum x ? see MIDNIGHT VIOLETTA VULCAN sec olens = concentrica x johannis VULKAN A Richter hybrid Vulkan x ampullacea BEVERLY Vulkan x Avalon = EMERALD FIRE Vulkan x Black Knight (O) NIGHT GLOW

= FURY

Vulkan x Burbank

NEOR	EG	ELIA
Vulkan		carali

carolinae rosea striata

= ROSE WINE

Vulkan x princeps

DEEP REGARD

Vulkan x Nidularium fulgens

XNeolarium SOMETHING SPECIAL

Vulkan x ?

see SORREL

Yulkan x ?

see STORM CLOUD

WACKY DOO

concentrica hybrid

NC

WAIT A WHILE

= macrosepala x binotil hybrid

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"R" WALLY

= meyendorfii variegated x chlorosticta

BE95

WARLOCK

= Firewitch x sarmentosa

MP85

v. rubra

Other clones

HALLOWEEN, HOCUS POCUS, MAGIC SPELL, PEPE, SPELLBOUND

VP87

WESTERN PRINCE

= Montevideo x princeps

WESTERN ROSE

see DRESS CIRCLE

JM82

WHITE FIRE

= Fireball x albiflora

WHOSE BABY

= Parents unknown

Whose Baby x cyanea

Whose Baby x punctatissima

= SUNLOVER LITTLE FAITH

WILD CARD

see BREAK OF DAY

WILD FIRE

see MAID OF HONOUR

WILD GOSSIP

Anna # 39 variegated

NC

WILD RUBY

= Beefsteak x ?

RL

Wild Ruby x Avalon

= CONTESSA

Wild Ruby x Takemura Grande

= GRANDIOSE

Wild Ruby x Vulkan

= ENTERPRISE

WINE CHARM

see DARK DELIGHT

WINE GAY

see DARK DELIGHT

WINE GLOW.

see DARK DELIGHT

Wine Glow x Red of Rio

= PORT WINE

NEOREGELIA WITHLOVE see ROSE WINE see JAWS WOBBEGONG NC WONDER OF WONDERS Anna #10 (variegated) NC = mevendorfii albo marginata WOW x tristis Other clone PINK POUFFE (variegated) MP91 XMAS CHEER = olens x Tiger Cub now RED MARBLE X XX3 see EXEX THREE SEE BREAK OF DAY YOUR HONOUR see XNEOPHYTUM YUM YUM a small plant linked in some Zebrina way with Red of Rio but is spotted instead of striped ! For comments see Bromeletter zonata July & Sep. 1993 X NIDBERGIA CH CHAS HODGSON = ? Nidularium procerum Billbergia nutans NIDULARIUM X Nidumea 'Angeline' citrinum v. angelina = rutilans x innocentii Œ FLAMINGO v. lineatum XNeolarium VISION SPLENDID François Spac x Neoregelia Beefsteak MADONNA = nen-variegated form of Miranda 'R' MIRANDA = variegated form of ? innocentil JR Selby 66979 picinguabensis Refer M. McNamara x Billbergia nutans XNidbergia CHAS HODGSON procerum = XNeolarium QUEEN MALINCHE procerum v. kermesianum x Neoregelia carolinae

= FLAMINGO

'Lipstick'

rutilans x innocentli

NIDULARIUM SAO PAULO

= rutilans

See Bromeletter Nov 1994

XNIDUMEA

ANGELINE

Nidularium citrinum angelina was imported to Qld circa 1980 from KENT in USA. There is no species by this name. When queried, KENT believed and it was a hybrid with A. fasciata!! It has yellow flowers, a truncated polystichous flowerhead and very wide floral bracts. The variegated leaves are reminiscent of Ae. caudata making it a strongcontender for parenthood with Nid. billbergioides (viz citrinum)

BEACON

Aechmea weilbachii x
 Nidularium billbergioldes

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NEWK

= Aechmea miniata discolor x Nidularium burchellii WM

XORTHOMEA

PURE MAGIC

= Ortho.saxicola x Ac. Mara Brett

KS

ORTHOPHYTUM

DONNA SHAW

maracasense with green and yellow variegation

KS

STARLIGHTS

= gurkenii z sucrei MP

XORTHOTANTHUS

WHAT

see Chapter on breeding by Bill Morris and Bromeletter Jan 1993

PITCAIRNIA

allenii archeri

patentiflora v. subintegra

see Bromeletter March 1994

see Bromeletter March 1994 see Bromeletter March 1994 SELBY 56339 - Refer D. Butcher

XPORTMEA CALIFORNIA BLUE

Imported from California 1984
as ? Portea ? Streptocalyx ? Acchmea.
Appears to be related to Portea
petropolitana ? x Aechmea aquilega

PUYA

DORIS COLEMAN

= alpestris x spathacea Probably the truly named hybrid not in Australia. F2 seed offered in BSA seed list July 1991, will give throwbacks to parents.

AF

XQUESMEA AMANDA

Quesnelia marmorata x Aechmea nudicaulis Seed in BSI list Scp 1984 Pale blue flowers from Quesnelia with red stiff bracts from Aechmea. No marking on leaves! Not certain if F1 or F2 but appears bigeneric. Grown by K. Bradtberg, S.Aust.

TILLANDSIA

achyrostachys x ionantha

= ?

MP

aeranthos x ionantha

NOOSA

aeranthos x Nez Misso

OLIVER TWIST

aeranthos x stricta

= COOROY

aurea c.v. CREAMY

see Bromeletter May 1995

bergeranthus/bergeriana

= ? T. stricta

see Bromeletter Sep 1994

bergeri x aeranthos

= NEZ MISSO

bergeri x tenuifolia

= ?

cs

BINGO

= stricta x tenuifolia

RoR83

BOB WHITMAN

see NEZ MISSO

BOREEN

= exerta x ionantha

MP

brachycaulos x caput-medusae

= IMBIL

brachycaulos x flabellata

= YABBA

brachycaulos hybrid A x

= NEERDIE

fasciculata

brachycanios x?

= ROY. (unknown - seed from Roy Ford)

BROOYAR

= exserta x flabellata

MP89

(bulbosa x caput medusae) x

ionantha

= DAGUN

BUT

= setacea x juncea

LB

CALIFANO

= baileyi x lonantha

M. Foster 1965

capitata

see Bromeletter July, Sep & Nov 1992

caput medusae x ionantha

- POMONA

TILLANDSIA

TILLANDSIA cerrateana	see Bromeletter Jan 1992	
OCCONUTICE Other clone	= tenuifolia x stricta SEXTON (Reverse by MP)	CS
сомо	= streptophylla x caput-medusae	MP
concolor x brachycaulos	= WIDGEE	
concolor x capitata rubra	= PHOENIX	
concolor x flabellata	= COOLOOLA	
concolor x ionantha v. rubra	= CURRA	
concolor x streptophylla	= ?	MP
COOLOOLA	= concolor x flabellata	MP83
COORAN	= jucunda x stricta	MP
COORDY	= aeranthos x stricta	MP
COOTHARABA	= exserta x tricolor	MP84
CORELLA	= tricolor x capitata rubra	MP87
CURRA	see HILDA ARIZA	
DAGUN	= (bulbosa x caput medusae) x lonantha	MP
EUREKA	= ?aeranthos hybrid see Bromeletter May 96	
EVITA	= ?argentina x vernicosa see Bromeleuer May 96	
exserta x flabellata	= BROOYAR	
exerta x lonantha	= BOREEN	
exserta x tricolor	= COOTHARABA	MP
FIRST BORN	= kolbii x bulbosa	œ
FLAMING MAURIE	See Bromeletter Sep 1994	
funkiata	= prob T. setacea See Bromeletter Sep 1994	
GILDORA	= tenuifolia x recurvifolia	MP
GRACEFUL Other Clone	= streptophylla x flabellata GYMPIE	GG/MP83

TILLANDSIA

GYMPIE

see GRACEFUL

HALLEYS COMET

= c.v. of baileyi

sport occurred in collection

of ROR

HILDA ARIZA

= concolor x ionantha

US hybrid 1973

Other Clone

CURRA (MP84)

IMBIL

= brachycaulos x capus-medusae

MP

INSKIP

= karwinskyana x flabellata

MP82

intermedia z baileyi

KANYAN

intermedia x lonantha

= MUDLO

tonantha CALIFANO

See CALIFANO Plant given to M. Kellett

by M. Foster - not a C.V. of

ionantha

ionantha x brachycaulos = see VICTORIA

ionantha x butzii

= KINKIN

ionantha x capitata

MP

ionantha x ionantha DRUID

MAIDENS BLUSH

ixioides x stricta violacea

= TANDUR

lucunda c.v. BLUE RINSE

see Bromlink (Gold Coast) J/F 1997 ROR

iucunda x siricia

= COORAN

karwinskyana x flabellata

= INSKIP

MP

KANYAN

= intermedia x balleyl

MP

KASHKIN

= 'was jucunda caulescent See Bromeletter Sep1994

KAURI

= xoeseriana x streptophylla

MP87

KIA ORA

= mallemontii x seleriana

MP

KINKIN

= lonantha x butzil

MP83

kolbii x bulbosa

= FIRST BORN

KYBONG

= stricta violacea x ixioides

MP88

TILLANDSIA MAIDENS BLUSH	= ionantha x ionantha 'DRUID' A paler 'ionantha' but its potential	RoR84
	lies in the possible breeding of DR	UID.
mallemontii x duratii	= WONGA	
mallemontii x seleriana	= KIA ORA	
MAURIES MALLEMONTII	= prob. T. streptocarpa See Bromeletter Sep 1994	
MUDLO	= intermedia x ionantha	MP
myriantha	+ See Bromeletter Sep 1994	
NASHVILLE	= tricolor x brachycaulos	MP82
Other Clone	WOLVI	
NED KELLY	see SOUTHERN CROSS	
NEERDIE	= brachycaulos hybrid A x fasciculata	MP85
NEZ MISSO Other Clone	 ? bergeri x aeranihos BOB WHITMAN (GG) 	NM
NEZLEY	= usneoides x mallemontii See Bromeletter Sep 1994	NM
NOOSA = aeranthos x ionantha	МР	
xoeseriana x streptophylla	≠KAURI	
OLIVER TWIST	= aeranthos x NEZ MISSO	RoR82
paucifolia v prolifera x capitata v. rubra	= VICTORY .	MP90
PHOENIX	= concolor x capitata v. rubra	MP85
POMONA	= caput medusae x ionantha	MP
QUICKSILVER	= stricta x gardneri	GS81
refiflora	= .T. boliviensis .	
RICHARD OESER	see VICTORIA	
ROY	= brachycaulos x unknown (seed from Roy Ford 1981)	MP81
schiedeana x (Juncea x schiedeana)	= TOOSHI	

TILLANDSIA		
seaborni	 7 T. fasciculata hybrid See Bromeleuer Sep 1994 	
setacea x juncea	= BUT	
SEXTON	see COCCINUTICE	
SOUTHERN CROSS		
Other Clone	 stricta x meridionalis NED KELLY (reverse cross) 	GS81
sphaerocephala	See capitata	
streptophylla x caput-medusae	= COMO	
streptophylla x concolor	= TOOLARA	
streptophylla x flabellata	= GRACEFUL	MP
stricta z edithae	= TAMAREE	53.64%
stricta x gardneri	= QUICKSILVER	
stricta x meridionalis	= SOUTHERN CROSS	41
stricta x tenuifoila	= BINGO	
stricta violacea x ixioides	= KYBONG	
TAMAREE	= stricta x edithae	***
TANDUR	= ixioides x stricta violacea	MP
tenuifolia x recurvifolia	(see reverse cross KYBONG) = GILDORA	MP88
tenuifolia x stricta	=COCONUTICE	_
TOOLARA	= streptophylla x concolor	Œ
TOOSHI	= schiedeana x	MP83
	(juncea x schiedeana)	ROR
tricolor	See Bromeletter May 1993	
tricolor x capitata rubra	= CORFLLA	127
usneoides x mallemonti	= NEZLEY	
VICTORIA	= ionaetha - b	
	(Note: A remake by Dr Oeser, 1960, grown by OF. Unknown whether different to original. Therefore Australian form called	28
VICTORY	VICTORIA (cv Richard Oeser)	
	 paucifolia prolifera x capitata v. rubra 	MP84
•		

TILLANDSIA

WIDGEE = concolor x brachycaulos MP83

WOLVI see NASHVILLE

WONGA = mallemontil x duratilMP87

xerographica x concolor = ? CS

YABBA = brachycaulos x flabellata MP85

VRIESEA

ANGELA see EROTICA

BEST BRANCHED BELGIUM HYBRID see OLIVES BEST

BILL McCANNS SPECIAL Origin unknown

Has links with MARIAE

and carinata

BLACK FINGER - = hieroglyphica hybrid with NC

faint crosslines

BOLERO A FAVORITE hybrid NC

BRAUTIGANS HAT Received in South Aust.

from Jim McQueen early 1980 as V. sp. Almost keys out to V. gravisiana. Has 60cm scape and compound inflorescence with 5 spikes. Red inbricate bracts.

BURGUNDY BUBBLES = heterostachys x fenestralis MP84

CANDLEBRA see CANDLES

CANDLES = Sceptre D'or x Nigra MP85

Other Clone CANDLEBRA

carinata x Little Chief = SAFFRON FLAME

carinata x Nigra = CRIMSON GLOW

carinata x sucrei = SWEET ONE

CHERRY BOW = guttata hybrid PT/MK

CORALLINA RUBRA A wrongly named plant from U.S.A.

Bears no relationship to platynema of which it is supposed to be a synonym

CRIMSON GLOW = carinata x Nigra MP82

Crimson Glow x sucrei = SWEET RED

	VRIESEA			
ŝ	CUPIDS BOW	8	guttata hybrid. Has tenuous links with CHERRY BOW	PT/MK
	DAYGLO ORANGE	=	Favorite x Mariae	VP87
	didistichioides		See Bromeletter Sep 1994	25
	EROTICA Other clones		Distributed by Bob Lamach but originating with Lou Forrest. It appears to be a platynema hybrid (green leaves) ANGELA (reddish leaves) SISTER Angela (greenish red leaves	s)
	erythrodactylon hybrid x fenestralis	=	RED LADDER	
	FAVORITE	=	Richter bybrid using 'ensiformis' in 1962 OR 'Poelmanii' cultivar from DUVAL	Į.
	Favorite x Mariae	=	DAYGLO ORANGE	
	Favorite F2	=	SCARLET LADY	
	fragrans	Se	e Bromeletter Sep 1994	
	GOLDEN PLAITS	=	guttata x platynema	PT/MK
	GOLDEN PRIDE		from Olive Trevor, Qld see Bromeletter Sep 1993	
	gradata x corallina rubra	=	KELLY ANN	
	GRAFTON SUNSET	3	from Olive Trevor, Qld see Bromeletter Sep 1993	
	guttata x platynema	=	GOLDEN PLAITS	PT/MK
	heterostachys x fenestralis	=	BURGUNDY BUBBLES	
	HIGHLIGHTS	=	morreniana x heterostachys	MP85
	HOELSCHERIANA	=	A German hybrid circa 1900 (guttata x saundersii) Not as in Beadle's U.S. list	
	Hoelscheriana x inflata	-	INFATUATION	
	INFATUATION	=	Hoelscheriana x inflata	VP86
	HOT SUMMER	X	Parents unknown From Len Summers collection 1994	
	KELLY ANN	-	gradata x 'corallina rubra'	KB97

	112	
VRIESEA KOMET	see Bromeletter Jan 1994	
LEVERETTS DELIGHT	= hieroglyphica x psinacina marked leaves, Hieroglyphic flower head with pink tips.	LN:a
LIKELY LAD (PF743)	? rodigasiana hybrid see Bromeletter Aug 95	?AL
LITTLE JOSIE	a possible erythrodactylon is but with wholly green petals From the collection of the lan Josie Tonkin, Adelaide	
lubbersii x flammea	= PLAIN LUBBERLY	
MAGNIFICENT SEVEN	= Favorite F2 from US Seed Bank (to 7 spiked flower	MK
MAIN ROADS	see SERENE	
MOONGLOW	from Olive Trevor, Qld see Bromeletter Sep 1993	
morreniana x heterostachys	= HIGHLIGHTS	8/
morreniana x sucrei	= SWEET YELLOW	
MULTIBRACTS	see OLIVES BEST	
NIGRA -	= ? unknown hybrid ? NIGRICANS	
OLIVES BEST	from Olive Trever, QLD	
Other Names	see Bromelletter Sep 1993 BEST-BRANCHED BELGIUM HY OLIVES BBBH, MULTIBRACTS	BRID,
PLAIN LUBBERLY	= lubbersii x flammea	WM
RAEMAUR FLAME	Medium sized, branched spike ? links with KOMET	МК

? links with KOMET RAEMAUR GOLD parents unknown MK RAEMAUR RED SATIN = alias US No.4 MK RAEMAUR TWIST = guttata hybrid MK RAINBOW LORI New name for multibranched corineta. RED FEATHER AFAVORITE hybrid NC

VRIESEA RED LADDER		=	erythrodactylon bybrid x fenestralis	MP85
RED of RIO			A grex originating with M. Ke and appears to have links with heterostachys. Paddle Pop shaped in inflorescences, sem to erect, red or orange. Plant is	pendent
SAFFRON FLAME		=	carinata x Little Chief	MP87
SANDERIANA	33	-	barilletti x Morreniana	Wittmack 1897
SANS		-	New name for a plant in Qld called Sanderiana which looks like Mariae!	
saundersii x ensiformis bicolor		=	TELSTAR	
SCARLET LADY		=	FAVORITE F2	VP83
SCEPTRE D'OR		=	German hybrid 1898	**
Sceptre D'or x Nigra		=	CANDLES	
SERENE		=	Favorite x carinata Aust Seed Bank therefore	MP88
Other Clone		М	probably F2. AIN ROADS (variegated)	
SPANISH DANCER	=	?		MK
SUSIE-Q		9	Parents unknown	NC
SWEET ONE		-	carinata x sucrei '	MP85
SWEET RED		=	Crimson Glow x sucrei	MP85
SWEET YELLOW		=	morreniana x sucreí	MP86
TELSTAR		=	saundersii x ensiformis bicolor	MP86
WIND DANCER		=	A FAVORITE Hybrid	NC

FINALLY

If you have done the right thing this should have happened.

- 1. Pollen lands on stigma lobe; a pollen tube emerges from the pollen grain and grows down through the tissue to reach the ovule and ultimately the egg (ie there is not a "tube" prior to pollen landing)
- 2. The pollen grain is composed of 2 or 3 cells called sperm, if 3 then the third plays a role in pollen tube growth or if 2 then 1 divides after germination at the pollen tube. The term "sperm" has slightly different meanings in plants and animals.
- 3. The sperm move down the pollen tube; the first fusing with the egg to form a zygote; the second fuses the polar nuclei to form primary endosperm nucleus, then divides rapidly (more so than the zygote) to form the nutritious tissue, endosperm. The developing embryo within the seed depends on the endosperm as its primary nutritional source.
- Note: 1 pollen grain per egg so if a dirty brush is used the same seed pod can produce quite different progeny!

